THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1873. [VOLUME VI—NUMBER 84

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

CONSTITUTION AND SUN.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition.

ATLANTA, SEPTEMBER 25, 1873.

Second Ward Democratic Club.

At a meeting, held pursuant to announcement, in the Second Ward last night, Capt. O. H. Jones was called to the chair, and Howard Van Epps requested to act as Secretary.

On motion, the following committee was appointed to prepare business for the meeting, viz: Daniel Pittman, John B. Baird, W. J. Garrett, Peter Lynch, Wm. Rushton, J. R. Simkins and L. L. Abbott, who retired and reported back the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, 1. That it is the sense of this meeting that political influences of an improper character shall be removed from the Democracy of the Second Ward in the selection of candidates for Mayor and Council for the incoming year.

Resolved. 2. That it is the true policy of the Democrats of the Second Ward, and of the city of Atlanta that men shall be selected for the offices of Mayor and Council whose large experience in monetary affairs, and whose position and honesty give promise of their efficiency in the management of the large income and heavy expenditures of this growing city.

Resolved, 3. That the practice of pledging before election to this or that person for office, and to this or that policy in the administration of the affairs of the city, is in future cautiously to be avoided, and that those persons deserve the suffrage of true men whose independence guarantees an impartial and judicious administration.

The following resolution was offered by Mr. Baird, and, on motion, unanimously adopted:

Whereas, On account of the inclement state of the weather, and the probable misapprehension of some citizens of this Ward, arising from a rumor that the meeting would be postponed; therefore,

Resolved, That the election of permanent officers be deferred until the next meeting, and that the newspapers of the city be requested meanwhile to urge upon the good and true citizens of the Second Ward, and of the city at large, who are interested in the administration of our affairs, to meet in this spacious hall on Tuesday night next, to participate in the important business then to be transacted.

On motion, the meeting then adjourned, to meet on next Tuesday night accordingly.

O. H. JONES, Chairman

H. WARD VAN EPPS, Secretary.

(The above was crowded out of the morning edition.)

Summary of State News.

AUGUSTA.

The Augusta police set a trap on Sunday night and caught one hundred and fifty of the swallows who have been living in chimneys of the City Hall.—The Directors of the Augusta Exchange met on Monday morning and elected Roswell King, Esq., Secretary. The rules were also made to conform with the rules of the New York Exchange, as recently modified so as to include lower grades of cotton in contracts for future delivery.—While President Wadley, of the Central Railroad, was engaged, last Sunday, in superintending certain repairs on the road, his coat, which he had taken off, was lost, and his pants and boots became covered with mud. When he boarded the train for Millen he took off his pants, and had them washed and hung on the back of the car to dry. The wind blew them off, and the railroad hands, minus both coat and pants, was met at Millen by a huge party of ladies. His sufferings are said to have been intense.—Lee Whitehead, Eli Olive, Dick Jones and Burt Barton, all negroes, were tried at Hephzibah, last Saturday, before Judge Snead for a riot. They had indulged their proclivities for fun by stoning the house of an old negro woman. The first three caught twenty-five dollars around the last, as he was a boy, was let off with ten dollars and costs.—It was rumored on Monday that a duel was on the tapis between two citizens of Augusta, and that unless matters were amicably arranged a meeting would take place on Tuesday. It is certain that a letter demanding an apology has been sent.—Conrad Speering, a boy ten or twelve years old, employed at Mr. Simmons' cotton press, was painfully injured Monday by getting his right arm caught in the machinery. Two of his fingers were partly cut off.—The damages on the Central and the South Carolina Railroads have been repaired, and trains on both roads ran through on their regular schedule time Monday.—*Chronicle and Sentinel.*

FORSYTH.

Married at the residence of Dr. Hornady, on the 21st by Rev D.J. Myrick, Mr. Fred W. Hawes to Miss Lizzie Howard.—The editor of the Advertiser has been presented with a stalk of Sea Island cotton measuring ten feet and a half long.—The State tax levied this year amounts to four dollars on the thousand. In addition to this the County Commissioners have levied a tax of 100 per cent. on the State tax, making the two taxes eight dollars on the thousand. For seven years past these taxes have been sixteen dollars on the thousand.—Mr. David Evans, a highly respected and worthy citizen of Butts county, died last Saturday evening, aged seventy years.—Two former citizens of Forsyth, Mr. John G. Hill and Mr. John M. Law, have recently died at Shreveport, Louisiana, of yellow fever.—A mass meeting has been called in Forsyth for the 27th, to ascertain whether that county will enter for the $1,000 premium at the Macon Fair. *Advertiser.*

COLUMBUS.

Two Columbus darkies agreed to fight a duel with fists last Saturday night. When they reached the battle ground the seconds interfered, and the matter was settled by one treating the other and his friends to drinks around.—Gentlemen who have traversed Troup and Meriwether counties report the best crop of cotton the planters have made since the war. They would welcome the caterpillar as a means of removing the luxuriant foliage from the plant.—The Columbus Printers advise all members of the craft seeking work to dodge that town. The place is crowded with printers and no room for "subs."—Nick Cooke, the messenger boy of the Eagle and Phenix Factory, died on Saturday night. He was buried from the Catholic Church.—*Sun.*

ROME.

The Grand Lodge delegates will return to Rome by Monday night next, upon which occasion the Good Templars will have a grand frolic at their hall.—Dinah Rasin, colored, who lives in the employ of Mr. T. T. Hargis, at DeSoto, stole $100 from her employer last Saturday night, and then went to a meeting at the Colored Baptist Church to receive spiritual comfort. The Town Marshal, however, repaired also to the church and took a seat on the front steps. Just before one o'clock the congregation commenced filing out, when Dinah was promptly taken into possession by the officer and interviewed under a neighboring gas lamp. Three twenties and one ten dollar note were recovered, and Dinah has become the guest of the county until the next Court meets.—*Commercial.*

SAVANNAH.

A small house, on South Broad street, between Whitaker and Barnard, which was in process of erection, was blown down by Friday's storm. No one was hurt.—Emma Broughton, a notorious colored damsel, was committed to jail on Monday by Justice Russell, for breach of the peace. While being carried to jail, she fell to the pavement in a fit, and was carried home dangerously ill.—A rumor reached Savannah Sunday morning from Darien, that the British bark Colonist was wrecked somewhere off that coast, and the greater part of her crew lost.—One of the most outrageous and villainous act of robbery that has ever been committed in Savannah took place Saturday night at St. Stephen (colored) Episcopal church. The thieves entered the vestry room, stole two surplices, a new one worth $25; an old one, and also a lounge, besides committing other disgusting acts.—A man named Hendricks was assaulted Sunday night by two unknown per sons, and severely stabbed in the side with a knife. His assailants made their escape.—A little child of Mr. Joseph Carret fell from a second story window Monday afternoon, and hurt itself seriously.—A wild ox cut up a first class sensation in Savannah Monday morning. He elevated a little girl about six feet higher than she had ever been before, furnished an exhilirating chase to a large crowd of men, boys and dogs, and caused an elderly gentleman to be run over, and sent home on a wheelbarrow.—*Advertiser and Republican.*

GRIFFIN.

The first quarterly session of the County Court was held on Monday. There is considerable suing, and the dockets promise to be heavy.—On Thursday night Shenerman's Opera Hall will be opened by the first appearance of the Griffin Dramatic Club, Mr. Eugene Cramer, leader.—*News.*

BARNESVILLE.

Married, last Friday, at the residence of Captain C. C. Hightower, Mr. W. T. Rawls to Miss M. Meandrews, of this city.—Mr. Dan Walker, of Barnesville, was thrown from his buggy, last week, and dislocated his wrist joint.—Two young men, named Taylor and Price, had a personal encounter near Barnesville, last Friday, in which Price was seriously stabbed by his antagonist.—By a private telegram, received by the family, the Patriot learns that Mr. T. L. Walker, wife and three children, died a few days ago in Shreveport, La., of yellow fever. Mr. Walker was formerly a citizen of Upson county, and has two daughters at school in Griffin.—Lemuel Benson, aged nineteen years, a model young man, died in Upson county, near Barnesville, last Wednesday. His brother, James Benson, also died the following Sabbath morning, aged twenty-five.—*Patriot.*

☞ A special to the Memphis Appeal from Jackson, Mississippi, on the night of the 19th, says: "It is reported and believed that in response to Governor Powers' inquiry as to the constitutionality of the next election, Attorney General Morris will give his opinion that it is unconstitutional. Should he deliver that opinion, the Governor will issue a proclamation prohibiting the election. This will make the present kettle of fish more chowdered than it is at present. If Powers stops the election it puts off voting until the fall of 1874.

☞ Miss Effie Moore, a great granddaughter of the widow of Ethan Allen, is the leader of scholarship and deportment of the last freshman class in the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College at Burlington.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Wednesday's Noon News.

THE GREAT SMASH!

TEN MILLION LOAN CERTIFICATES USED—TEN MILLION MORE TO BE ISSUED—CLEWS' LONDON HOUSE SUSPENDED—UNEASINESS NOT YET OVER.

NEW YORK, September 24.—Ten million loan certificates have been exhausted. The associated banks will issue ten millions more today.

The Bank of the Commonwealth has been sued for collaterals which they cannot produce upon the tender of the amount loaned.

Carlton, the Secretary of the Union Trust Co., has friends who are in treaty with the bank for a settlement of his defalcation.

Henry Clews claims his securities far more than ample in ordinary times. He may resume when the money market improves. The firm has published their correspondents, inclusive of National and State Banks, and fifteen private banks.

It is stated that Western shippers of grain are advised to hold off on account of the difficulty to meet sight drafts.

The Stock Exchange remains closed until further orders.

The sub-treasury is offering no bonds this morning.

The feeling is excited.

For Western Union 62 bid; 64 asked.

Howes & Macy suspended.

LATER.—The Sub-Treasurer bought a half million of bonds.

Bank Presidents are authorized to issue another ten million of loan certificates.

March, of the firm of Howes & Macy, says all houses like theirs, having a large number of depositors, must suspend.

WILKESBARRE, Pa. September 24.—Brown & Gray attribute their failure to Henry Clews. The miners were large depositors.

PATTERSON, N. J. September 24.—Four hundred and fifty-five locomotive men have been discharged from Rogers' locomotive works making one thousand—two-thirds of their force.

LONDON, September 24.—Clews, Habicht & Co., have decided to suspend.

BERLIN, September 24.—A dispatch from Berlin announces the failure of the bank of that city.

LONDON, September 24.—Clews & Habicht telegraph that the account of Henry Clews & Co. is for £340,000. Their own liabilities are £64,000, which they can meet, but not those of Henry Clews.

WASHINGTON, September 24.—The Freedmen's Savings Bank is enforcing the legal thirty days notice from depositors.

YELLOW JACK.

THE MONSTER PESTILENCE SPREADING.

NEW ORLEANS, September 24.—Rev. Schneider, of Stalphoneous Church, is dead.

VICKSBURG, September 24.—Three fatal cases of yellow fever yesterday.

MEMPHIS, September 24.—Nine yellow fever deaths yesterday.

NEW YORK, September 24.—There are rumors of yellow fever on Harrison street, Brooklyn; one fatal, and two closely quarantined.

SPANISH NEWS.

MADRID, September 24.—It is stated that insurgents left Alcata for Cartegena. Appaca applauds Velverton for preventing the bombardment of Alicante. Nouvalas was appointed president of the Supreme Council of War, Capt. Pavia, Captain General of Madrid, and General Jounclar, Captain General of Cuba, Vice-General Pieltan, recalled.

The Greensboro Speech.

Editors Chronicle and Sentinel: THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, of September 6th inst., contains a report of a speech made by Gov. Smith, on Friday, 5th inst., at Greensboro, to the farmers of old Greene, in which is found the following remarkable extract: "Everybody had a lien except the farmers. Doctors, lawyers, undertakers all had liens and leaned and liened on the farmers. We need directing minds in our Legislature." As this report has now been before the public for a week and is found in a paper published in Atlanta, it must be taken as correctly made.

Is Governor Smith's statement of the lawof liens correct? The Code and the statute books both say it is not. The farmers need liens to protect them in their sales of cotton, corn, rice and other products—to protect them in sales of any article of personal property—to protect them in the renting of their real estate, and to protect them in sales of their real estate. Now, how does the law provide for these necessities? The Code of Georgia, in section 1589, declares that cotton, corn, rice and other products sold by planters or their agents on cash sale shall not be considered the property of the buyer or the ownership thereof given up until the same be fully paid for, although it may have been delivered into the possession of the buyer. In section 1599 there is found this further provision: "If any person engaged in the business of buying cotton, corn or other produce sold by planters buys the same for cash from the planter or his agent, and shall fail or refuse to pay for the same and dispose of the same before paying, he shall be guilty of the crime of embezzlement, and on conviction thereof be sent to the penitentiary for a time not less than one nor longer than five years." The act of 1873, in its 6th section, gives to farmers the same lien when selling supplies or other articles of necessity to make crops, as is given to merchants, factors and dealers in guano.

Under the decision of the Supreme Court in Ga. 205, a farmer or other person selling personal property, and giving credit for the same and actually delivering up the property to the purchaser, may reserve to himself the title until payment, and such reservation will be good against creditors and purchaser from the buyer. Under the act of February, 1873, landlords (a term which now includes a large majority of our farmers) are given a lien for rent superior to all liens but liens for taxes. Under the Code of Georgia, farmers, like all other persons selling real estate, may secure their purchase money by mortgage or bond for title.

We conclude, then, as we began by saying that Governor Smith's statement of the law of liens relating to farmers is not correct and not reliable. LEX.

☞ One of those loose tales of longevity which serves to fill odd corners of newspapers is now on its travels. It is of a woman living on Roanoke Island, declared to be OXXX years old, with eyesight perfect, so that she can with ease thread a camebric needle. Health excellent, faculties unimpaired, pedestrian power as good as ever. The only peculiarity of the old woman is that she never saw George Washington. The camebric needle, and the health, and the faculties, and the walking ability, and the not seeing George Washington are all credible—the only point in doubt is that of the 130 years.

☞ There is just now quite a little gathering of literary lions and lionesses at the residence of Mr. Howells, in Jefferson, Ohio. Among those present are Henry W. Longfellow and his three little daughters; Howells, Jr., of the Atlantic Monthly; Lowell, the poet, and remarks; Warner, the genial philosopher; Annie Howells, literary editor of the Inter-Ocean, and Mrs. Mary Fields, the racy correspondent and contributor.

Financial and Commercial

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 24.—Cotton entirely nominal; uplands 18; Orleans 18½; sales 3,000.

Cotton sales for future delivery opened to-day as follows: September 17 1-16a17 9-16. October 16 31-32a17 3 8. November 16 15-16a17 3-16. December 16 7-8a17. January 17¼.

Money panic completely blocks business; nothing doing, consequently no prices are established. Pork dull; new mess $17 25. Lard dull for old; steam 8 7-16a8 1-2. Turpentine dull at 40a40 1-2. Rosin dull at $3 90a$3 for strained. Freights dull.

Gold 11 1-2. No general market has been received.

Arrived—Ville de Havre.

Arrived out—Kron Prinze Veclaria.

LONDON, September 24.—Consols 92 1-2a 93 5-8; new 91 1-4; Erie 44 7-8. Later—Fives 91 3-8. Erie 44 5-8.

PARIS, September 24.—Rentes 57f. 20c.

LIVERPOOL, September 24.—Cotton easier, but not lower; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000; uplands, on a basis of good ordinary, shipped in October, 8 15-16; with October and November delivery, 8 7-8.

Market Reports—From Chamber of Commerce.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ATLANTA, September 24, 1873.

Flour—Fancy, $10 50a11; extra family, $9 50a10 00; family $8 50a9 00; extra $7 25 a8 00 superfine, $6 00a6 50; fine $4a6.

Wheat—Red, $1 50a1 60; amber $1 63a 1 75; white, $1 70a1 85.

Lime—40a50c per bushel.

Corn—Yellow, 78a80c by car load, and white 80a82½c. order lots.

Meal, 82½a85c.

Lard—Tierce, 10a10½; kegs and buckets, 11¼a11½.

Bacon—clear sides 12; clear rib 11½; shoulders 10¼. Sugar cured hams 15¼a15¾.

Bulk—clear sides 11; clear rib 10¾; long clear sides 10½; shoulders 8 3-4.

Hay—$1 50a1 65.

Oats, feed 55a60; seed 60a65.

Rye—$1 25a 1 35 per bushel.

Barley—new—$1 50a1 75 per bushel.

Coal—Lump, by car load, at 26c; blacksmith, 23½.

COFFEE—Prime to choice Rio 26½a23½. Iron Ties—Arrow, 9 1-2 per pound.

Bagging—2 lbs. 16a16 1-3; 2 1-8 lbs. 17, 2 1-4 lbs. 17 1-2. Gunny 13 1-2a14.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, September 24, 3 o'clock, P. M.

REMARKS.—Trade quiet. Sheetings and shirtings off ¼c.

Atlanta Cotton Market.

Cotton quiet at 14¼a15.

Atlanta Money Market.

Financial.—Gold, buying at 1 10; selling at 1 12. Silver, buying at 03, selling 1 07.

Exchange.—Buying at par, selling at ¼ premium. Bonds and Stocks.—Georgia 6s, 63 @65, 7s, 86a88; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury, 8 per cent. non-taxable, $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s 70 a72; 8s, 80a82. Augusta, 83a85. Georgia Railroad stock, 86a88; Georgia Rail Road bonds, 93a95. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock, 80a82; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds, 94a96. Central Railroad stock, 75a78. Rome city 7s, 68a72 Savannah 83. Atlanta National Bank stock 1 25.

MONEY commands 2a2½ per cent. readily.

Atlanta Grocery Market.

SUGARS—We quote: New Orleans, in hogsheads, 9a11 for fair to choice; Demarra 12; clarified white 12; do yellow 11¼a11¾; A coffee 12¼; extra C do 12 1-4; Porto Rico 10¼a11; yellow C 10a11.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—New Orleans 70a 75; Common, 27 in hhds; bbls. 32; refined syrups 45a75.

COFFEE—Market firm; we quote Rio, common to choice, 26a23 1-2; Laguayra, 30; Java 30a33.

NAILS—We quote at $5 50 for 10ds, and 25c additional for diminishing gradles.

SALT—We quote Virginia, $3; Liverpool, $3 15a2 20 per sack.

CANDLES—We quote star 19½a20 per pound.

FISH—We quote as follows: Half barrels, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, $9, $7 50 and $6; in kits, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, $1 75, $1 60 and $1 40.

PEPPER—We quote at 28a30.

SPICE—We quote at 18a20.

GINGER—We quote at 16a17.

CRACKERS—5 3-4a13.

SODA—We quote firm; 8 in kegs; 9 in boxes.

RICE—We quote at 9¼a10. Inferior 8a9.

TEAS—We quote Imperial at $1a1 50; Young Hyson $1 15a1 50; Black 75a$1 25; Gunpowder $1a1 50.

POWDER—Dupont $7 50; Sycamore Mills $7 50; blasting $5; fuse per 100 feet 65.

SHOT—We quote patent $2 90a3 00; Buck $3 15a3 25.

LIQUORS—We quote common rectified whisky per gallon $1; Robertson county $1 25a3; Bourbon $1 25a5 50; corn whisky $1 15a2

BROOMS—We quote at $3 50a4 50 per dozen.

SOAP—We quote at 5a8c per lb, or $3a1 50 per box.

Atlanta Dry Goods Market.

Prints—Wamsutta, 8; Bedford, 8. Amoskeag, 9¼; Arnold, 9; Albions, 11; Spragues, 11; Richmond, 11; Dunnells, 11. Garner 10¼.

Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 11¼; 7-8 10c; yarns $1 50; sewing and knitting thread 50c.

Sheetings, etc.—Graniteville—3-4sheetings, 8 per yard, 7-8 sheetings 10 per yard, 4-4 sheetings 11 1-2 per yard, 7-8 drills 12 per yard. Augusta—3-4 shirtings 8 per yard; 7-8 shirtings 10 per yard, 4-4 sheetings 11½ per yard, 7-8 drill 12 per yard. Alabama and Georgia and Monitour goods are a 1-2 cent under the above quotations.

Atlanta Live Stock Market.

Arrived—7 car loads horses and mules; 2 cars cattle and hogs.

CATTLE—3½ cents gross; choice Tennessee 4 cents.

HOGS—5¼ cents gross. Sheep 3½c; Tennessee 4a4½.

Atlanta Produce Market.

DRIED FRUIT—Rough peaches 4a4½; peeled 7a14.

EGGS—25a27½.

POTATOES—Sweet 80ca$1. Irish $1 per bushel; per barrel $3 50a4 00.

FEATHERS—We quote at 75a80 for prime selections; mixed 65a70.

BEESWAX—27a28c.

RAGS—3½a4.

POULTRY—We quote 18a23.

BUTTER—We quote good country at 30; Tennessee, 30a35.

ONIONS—In demand at $1 75a2 00 per bushel.

WOOL—washed 35a40c; unwashed 25.

Sundries.

SEEDS—Clover $8; timothy $5; orchard grass $3; blue grass $3; herd's grass $2 50.

COTTON YARNS—We quote at $1 50 per bunch all numbers.

CANDIES—We quote stick candy 14½16; common fancy 17a26.

TOBACCO—Common sound 43a45; low medium 47a50; medium 53a55; fine 60a70; extra fine 80a$1; Spencer's Calhoun $1 13. Princess twist 85.

IRON—Bar iron $4 25 two horse tyer; axes $13 50a14; steel 20a22; shovels, Ames', $15 50; horse and mules shoes 8a9; horse shoe nails 20a30.

CHEESE—Factory 16½. State cheese 12½a15.

OIL—Kerosene 28.

LEATHER.—Sole, hemlock good damaged 25½a28; good 29a33. White oak 40a50. Black upper 40a55.

HIDES—We quote dry, 15a18; green salted 7½a9.

BLUE BUCKERS—2 75 per dozen.

Tallow 7a8c.

Mississippi Valley FIRE AND MARINE Insurance Co.,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Established in 1865. Capital $300,000.

CAPITAL & ASSETS, JULY, 1873, $353,035.94

F. S. Davis, Pres't. H. Gronauer, Sec'y. R. V. Vrendenburgh, V. P. W. J. Littlejohn, Asst. Sec'y. W. H. Brazier, General Agent

DAVIS & CLARK AGENTS,

No. 33 Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

APPROVED RISKS taken in this Strong and Popular Company AT ESTABLISHED RATES. ALL LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.

MESSRS. DAVIS & CLARK are authorized to underwrite on Cotton Gins.

Gainesville and Dahlonega HACK LINE.

LEAVES Gainesville immediately on the arrival of the up passenger train, every day, and connects with the down afternoon's passenger train.

Leaves Dahlonega every day, and connects with the down afternoon's passenger train.

Good Hacks and careful drivers will always be found at Dahlonega to convey passengers to PORTER'S SPRINGS or other points, upon reasonable terms.

aug31—dtf A. HOFE, Proprietor.

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA—F. M. Coker, President; W. W. Bell, Cashier. Paper discounted and received. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Checks on all points in Europe in sums to suit.

☞ Agents for the Inman and Cunard Steamship Lines. ☜ First class and steerage tickets at lowest rates

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DAVIS & CLARK, Fire Insurance Agents,

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RESPONSIBLE COMPANIES.

ESTABLISHED RATES,

EQUITABLE AND PROMPT ADJUSTMENT OF LOSSES.

Are authorized to Underwrite a prudent line on

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We represent "THE ORIENT," Hartford, Conn.; "THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY," Memphis, Tenn.; and "THE HOPE," of Philadelphia, Pa.

apl4—dtf

House and Sign Painter

Macon, Georgia.

A. P. TRIPOD,

OFFICE—MULBERRY STREET.

aug31—d3mo

Bar and Restaurant.

OPEN ALL NIGHT,

J. VALENTINO,

HAVING refitted his entire premises, is now prepared to furnish his friends and patrons with everything pertaining to a first-class restaurant, which will be served in the very best style. He will always have on hand

FRESH FISH, OYSTERS, GAME, ETC.

Strangers visiting Macon should give him a call.

I will open on the 1st of October, at No. 66 Cherry street, next door to my present restaurant, a LADIES' BAKING SALOON. JOHN VALENTINO.

sep16—dtf

A Good and Large Sea Island PLANTATION,

NEAR SAVANNAH, is offered in Exchange for a House and Property in Atlanta, Georgia.

sep18—dtf B. M. MOREL.

SOUTHERN NURSERY,

IRWIN & THURMOND.

WE are offering to the public a selection of Fruit adapted to the Southern climate, consisting of Apples, Peaches, Pears, Plums, Cherries, Quinces, Grapes, etc. Our Floral and Ornamental Shrubbery Department is complete. We have shipping usually found in a well conducted Nursery, and of varieties we have TESTED and KNOW to be suited to the Southern climate. We are DETERMINED to make good stock and sell at REASONABLE prices. All orders by mail attended to with promptness and care. We have reliable agents, either local or traveling, in many localities in this and other States South, and we PREFER, where convenient to our customers, to do our business through them. We will, upon application, furnish gratis our Catalogue and Price List. Address P. O. Box 565, Atlanta, Georgia.

July6—dly IRWIN & THURMOND.

THE GRANDEST SCHEME EVER KNOWN.

Fourth Grand Gift Concert

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

Public Library of Kentucky.

12,000 Cash Gifts $1,500,000

EVERY FIFTH TICKET DRAWS A GIFT.

$250,000 for $50.

THE Fourth Grand Gift Concert authorized by special act of the Legislature for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, will take place in Public Library Hall at Louisville, Ky.,

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3d, 1873.

Only Sixty thousand tickets will be sold and one-half of these are intended for the European Market, thus leaving only 30,000 for sale in the United States, where 100,000 were disposed of for the Third Concert. The tickets are divided into ten coupons or parts and have on their back the Scheme with a full explanation of the mode of drawing.

At this concert which will be the grandest musical display ever witnessed in this country the unprecedented sum of

$1,500,000,

divided into 12,000 cash gifts will be distributed by lot among the ticket holders. The numbers of the tickets to be drawn from one wheel by nine children and the gifts from another.

LIST OF GIFTS.

ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		$250,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		100,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		50,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		25,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		17,000
10 CASH GIFTS	$10,000 each	100,000
20 CASH GIFTS	5,000 each	100,000
50 CASH GIFTS	1,000 each	50,000
80 CASH GIFTS	500 each	40,000
100 CASH GIFTS	400 each	40,000
150 CASH GIFTS	100 each	15,000
550 CASH GIFTS	90 each	50,000
335 CASH GIFTS	100 each	32,500
11,000 CASH GIFTS	50 each	550,000
TOTAL 12,000 GIFTS, ALL CASH, amount to		$1,500,000

The distribution will be positive whether all the tickets are sold or not, and the 12,000 gifts all paid in proportion to the tickets sold—all unsold tickets being destroyed on the First and Second Concerts which is not represented in the drawings.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole tickets $50 00; Halves $25 00; Tenths or each coupon $5 00; Eleven Whole Tickets for $500 00; Six Tickets for $1,000 00; 113 Whole Tickets for $5,000 00; 227 Whole Tickets for $10,000 00. No discount on less than $500 00 worth of Tickets at a time.

The unsurpassed success of the Third Gift Concert as well as the satisfaction given by the First and Second makes it only necessary to announce the Fourth to insure the prompt sale of every ticket. The Fourth Gift Concert will be conducted in all its details like the Third, and full particulars may be learned from circulars which will be sent free from this office to all who apply for them.

Tickets now ready for sale and all orders accompanied by the money promptly filled. Liberal terms given to those who buy to sell again.

THOS. L. BRAMBLETTE, Agent Publ. Lib. Ky. and Manager Gift Concert, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.

aug19—d tues & thurs & w till decl

WM. GRAY,

July24—dly

SUMMER AND FALL ARRANGEMENT.

MERCHANTS' LINE OF STEAMERS

Semi-Weekly for Jefferson Direct.

Leaves New Orleans Every Wednesday and Saturday at 5 P. M.

For Jefferson, Shreveport, Grand Bayou, Coushatta, Brownsville, Grand Ecore, Alexandria, and all way landings on Red River. The following first-class and very light draft boats compose this line. (Other boats will be added as business demands.)

R. T. BRYARLY	Capt. Noah Scovell.
BELLE BOWLAND	Capt. Geo. W. Rea.
GLADIOLA	Capt. H. L. Lee.
THIRTEENTH REA	Capt. Chas. P. Tunslow.
FLIRT	Capt. Geo. J. Hazlett.
FLETA	Capt. L. S. Greenlee.

Passengers and shippers can rely on this arrangement throughout the season.

Special rates of passage made with commercial travelers for New Orleans houses.

Liberal discount made to parties emigrating to Texas by this line.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to LORD & McPHAIRE, Agents, 70 Gravier street.

All freight consigned to L. & McP. will be forwarded promptly free of commission.

For further information apply to W. J. Houston, Gen. Pass. Ag't Atlanta and New Orleans Short Line.

aug2-d3mo

CHAS. BOHNEFELD,

UNDERTAKER

And Dealer in Metallic Burial Cases!

CASKETS AND COFFINS.

Of all sizes and descriptions.

Also Agent for TAYLOR'S CORPSE PRESERVER. Receive orders for carriages at any hour, both day and night. No. 1 DeGive's Opera House, corner Marietta and Forsyth streets. aug1-d6m

NEW CARRIAGE REPOSITORY, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WOODRUFF & JOHNSON

HAVE established a Repository at Mark W. Johnson's Agricultural Building, corner of Alabama and Forsyth sts, where they are now receiving a fresh stock of Carriages, Buggies and Wagons, from some of the best manufactories in America, and made especially to their order, for this market. The Woodruff Buggy, which is justly celebrated for its great durability and light draft, will be one of the specialties of this Repository. It is the intention of this firm to supply good warranted work, at the lowest possible price, making it an inducement for parties living at a distance from Atlanta to come here to purchase, or send their orders. Any style of Carriage or Buggy made to special order, at short notice.

W. W. WOODRUFF, MARK W. JOHNSON.

aug24-dtf.

W. B. HUDSON, of Louisville, Ky. J. W. HIGHTOWER, of Griffin.

HUDSON & HIGHTOWER, Livery, Sale and Feed Stable.

EXTRA ACCOMMODATIONS.

Good Shed Lots for Drovers.

All kinds of Vehicles to hire at reasonable prices.

Near the Passenger Depot,

Griffin, Georgia.

june18-dtf

NOTICE.

BY a resolution of Council passed on the 5th inst., I am required to close my books for collecting tax on the 20th inst., and turn them over to the Clerk of Council on the 1st day of October, whose duty it will be to issue fi fas against all delinquents immediately thereafter. Take due notice thereof, and govern yourselves accordingly.

H. FRANKLIN, City Tax Collector of Atlanta.

September 8, 1873. sept9-tf

CHAS. A. ELLS. W. W. LANEY.

ELLS & LANEY

DEALERS IN

Fancy & Family Groceries

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Too.

Bar Room and Restaurant, up-stairs, stocked with the Best in the market, Oysters, Fish, Vegetables, etc.

Mulberry Street, Macon, Ga.

aug23—dtf

CROCKETT'S PATENT GIN GEAR,

MADE WITHOUT A MORTICE, Tenon or Key, Every part Bolted to Iron. Two mules with a 40 Saw Gin can gin three Bales or Cotton per day. IRON RAILINGS for enclosing Grave Lots at New York prices. ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY made and repaired. Plantation Castings always on hands. CROCKETT'S IRON WORKS, sept7-dtf MACON, GA.

M. E. MAHER,

WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER, No. 16 Mitchell street, has just received a large shipment of all kinds of the choicest brands of wines and liquors for the fall and winter trade. Testimonials offered to the city and country retail dealers. All retail dealers would do well by giving him a call before purchasing elsewhere. Is also agent for the celebrated brand of whisky "Your Own Bourbon." Give him a call and try it. sept7-tf.

THE MAJORS HOUSE,

S. Y. E. MAJORS,

RENTON..... GEORGIA.

He pledges himself his house will be kept in fire rate style, and on moderate terms. nov21-dtf

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS'

SAPOLIO

is a substitute for Soap for all Household purposes, except washing clothes.

SAPOLIO

for Cleaning your House will save the labor of one cleaner. Give it a trial.

SAPOLIO

for Windows is better than Whiting or Water. No removing curtains and carpets.

SAPOLIO

cleans Paint and Wood, in fact the entire house, better than Soap. No slopping. Saves labor. You can't afford to be without it.

SAPOLIO

for Scouring Knives is better and cleaner than Bath Brick. Will not scratch.

SAPOLIO

is better than Soap and Sand for polishing Tinware. Brightens without scratching.

SAPOLIO

for Washing Dishes and Glassware is invaluable. Cheaper than Soap.

SAPOLIO

removes Stains from Marble Mantles, Tables and Statuary, from Hard finished Walls, and from China and Porcelain.

SAPOLIO

removes Stains and Grease from Carpets and other woolen fabrics.

There is no one article known that will do so many kinds of work and do it as well as Sapolio. Try it.

HAND SAPOLIO

a new and wonderful effective Toilet Soap, having no equal in this country or abroad.

HAND SAPOLIO

as an article for the Bath, "reaches the foundation" of all dirt, opens the pores and gives a healthy action and brilliant tint to the skin.

HAND SAPOLIO

Cleanses and Beautifies the Skin, instantly removing any stain or blemish from both hands and face.

HAND SAPOLIO

is without a rival in the world for curing or preventing roughness and chapping of either hands or face.

HAND SAPOLIO

removes Tar, Pitch, Iron or Ink Stains and Grease, for workers in Machine Shops, Mines, &c., is invaluable. For making the Skin White and Soft, and giving to it a "bloom of beauty," it is unsurpassed by any Cosmetic known.

HAND SAPOLIO

costs 10 to 15 cents per cake, and every body should have it. You will like it.

DON'T FAIL TO TRY THESE GOODS.

Buy it of your merchant if he has it or will procure it for you. If not, then write for our Pamphlet, "All about Sapolio," and it will be mailed free.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS'

20 *PARK PLACE, N. Y.*

aug29—d&w3m

F. M. HEATH. S. A. PORTER.

HEATH & PORTER,

Livery and Sale Stables,

Poplar Street, between Second and Third Sts.,

Macon..... Georgia.

Accommodations are ample and complete for the Board of Citizens' and Transient Stock of Traders.

aug23—dtf

THE "VICTOR."

WANTED—General Agents in every State in the South, for the "VICTOR" Sewing Machine.

The "VICTOR" requires no PUFFING" to sell it.

For terms address R. J. WILES,

aug5—dtf Atlanta, Ga

PHYSCIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS

A SPECIALTY AT THE DRUG STORE OF

ROLAND B. HALL

Druggist,

Corner Cherry Street and Cotton Avenue, Macon, Ga

sep1—dtf

PORT ROYAL RAILROAD.

JUNE 28TH, 1873.

ON and after MONDAY, JUNE 30, trains on this Road will run as follows:

Down Day Passenger Train

Will leave Augusta at	6 45 A M
Arrive at Port Royal	3 10 P M
Arrive at Charleston	4 45 P M
Arrive at Savannah	3 30 P M

Up Day Passenger Train

Will leave Port Royal at	9 45 A M
Leave Charleston at	8 10 A M
Leave Savannah at	9 30 A M
Arrive at Augusta	5 35 P M

Down Night Passenger Train

Will leave Augusta at	3 10 P M
Arrive at Port Royal at	11

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF STATE, COUNTY AND CITY.

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEFIES REFUTATION

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

ATLANTA:

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1873.

Brevities.

Frost in Petersburg, Virginia, on the morning of the 19th.

"Some of the Radical newspapers are talking of Blaine and Booth for 1876."

An advance of ten cents on flour and five cents on grain freights from St. Louis eastward took effect on the 16 h.

It was Voltaire who said: "Ideas are like beards; men only get them when they are grown up, and women never have any."

A Western paper says of the air, in its relation to man, that "it kisses him and blesses him, but will not obey him." Poor Dobbs says that description suits his wife exactly.

The New York Journal of Commerce suggests the use of aluminum instead of silk for balloons, asserting that with an aluminum envelope above him, the aeronaut might float about for weeks or months.

The Tidicute Journal publishes a table of the number of wells in that district in the years 1872 and 1873. It shows that in January, 1872, there were 257; in August, the same year, there were 292; in August, this year, 200, thus showing a decline of 92 in one year.

Frederick William, Elector of Hesse Cassel, has formally recognized and consented to the annexation of his territory to Prussia, and renounced his right of property in the revenues of the electorate. In compensation for which the Prussian Government has granted him an annuity of 2,000,000 thalers.

A recent writer says that the Japanese make no distinction between moral and mental science, and very little between ethics and etiquette. To them education is morals. A cultured man is, in their view, of necessity a moral man. They say it is not polite to lie, to cheat, or to be angry.

A first-class tenor in New York receives three thousand dollars. That is given by Christ Church and other churches. A basso gets nearly the same sum. A soprano commands even a higher salary, and an alto can manage to obtain quite a comfortable little addition to the week's income. It is a good thing, therefore, in many ways to know how to sing and have a voice.

According to an official return just published, during the first half of the current year 8,126 horses, mules or donkeys have been eaten in Paris; that is to say, 834 940 kilogrammes (about two pounds each) of meat, exclusive of heart, liver, brains, tongue, etc., which are eaten in the same way as those of oxen. During the first six months of 1870 (before the war) 1,992 such animals were slaughtered in the French capital, and only 493 in the corresponding period of 1867. The same increase of consumption has, it is stated, taken place in the provinces.

The Woman's Journal remarks that "the Boston training school for nurses is now so far advanced that the superintendent of the proposed school has gone to New York to benefit by a few months' training in the Bellevue Hospital school there. Here the work of training nurses will begin at the Massachusetts general hospital, in which two wards have been assigned for the work. The first of November is the time fixed for beginning the school, and the committee are now sending out their circulars for pupils."

Gen. Newton, on Tuesday of last week, fired a blast of nitro-glycerine in the rocks of Coenties reef in the East River. The report shook the lower part of the city. Eleven thousand pounds of nitro-glycerine, equal to 100,000 pounds of gunpowder, had been deposited in the drilled holes, and a spark from the electric battery blew into the air a volume of water and volley of rocks and boulders which resembled the eruption of a volcano. The water towered up in the shape of a cone, and fell in beautiful sprays. On receding there was a heavy swell; the waves dashed against the anchored vessels as in a storm at sea. After the explosion the boatmen on the river picked up a large number of fish and two dead shark.

Prince Nicholas Paul Charles Esterhazy, only son of the famous owner of the diamond coat, has committed suicide. He was fifty-six years old, and leaves several children. The Esterhazys rank among the highest nobles in Austria, and in addition to their other wealth, had immense landed possessions in Hungary. Prince Paul, the father of the man who has just put an end to his own life, was fearfully extravagant, and so impaired his revenues that on his death a few years ago, the family jewels were sold and a part of the revenues of his real estate held to satisfy the demands of his creditors. He was for a time Minister at the British court, and his son married a daughter of the Earl of Jersey. She died twenty years ago.

☞ The total gross weight of the cotton crop of 1872 and 1873, was 3,930,508 bales, weighing 1,824,020,023 pounds.

The Wealth Creating Power of Coal and Iron.

The resources of the Southern States in coal and iron are unlimited both in quantity and quality, and are superior to all competition; their value incalculable, their extent boundless, their quantity unmeasurable, and their richness unequalled.

The wealth they represent cannot be estimated in figures. The creative power they possess is beyond computation. They offer us the control of the continent—its wealth, power and destinies. We may profit by the power thus confered, and become independant, rich and powerful, or we may remain as heretofore, dependent, and in poverty. On our enterprise and industry in their development will depend our future welfare, our independence.

"Knowledge is power"—that knowledge which "teaches us to pierce the bowels of the earth, and bring forth from the caves of the mountains metals which give strength to our hands, and subject all nature to our use and pleasure."

"That knowledge is power which enables us to multiply our productiveness, to substitute the iron limb and rib and wheel for human thews, to increase our strength a hundred fold, and exchange our thoughts, our labor and our productions so as to profit most by the diversity of our wealth, and diffuse that wealth through the community."

The most striking example of the wonderful wealth creating power of coal and iron, and of their power to diversify the pursuits of a nation, is that of England, the first commercial power of the world.

In 1816, at the close of the French war, the debt of England was $4,205,000,000, and her estimated wealth $10,500,000,000. Since then the increase of her wealth has been enormous, and is now estimated at over $30,000,000,000.

She has not only grown enormously rich, but her ability to produce has been proportionally increased by the development of her coal and iron. Her population in 1688 was less than 6,000,000, and her productive power of these was limited to the able-bodied men and women, with but little assistance from mechanical skill or labor saving machinery. In 1835 we find her with a population of over 30,000 000, with an average wealth of over $3,000 per head, whose productive or wealth creating power has been increased full 20 times by her 100,000,000 horse power of labor saving machinery, equal to 600,000,000 able bodied laborers, a greater productive power than that of the entire mannal labor of the whole world combined.

China, with her 340,000,000 of manual labor, cannot compete with the 600,000,000 of England's tireless steam power.

Is it any wonder that England became rich, the first commercial power of the world?

But we have striking examples nearer home. Pennsylvania but a few years since was one of the poorest of the original thirteen States. To-day she is the richest and most powerful of all, and due mainly to the development of her coal and iron, and the consequent diversity of pursuits that have followed in their train. She has built nearly 5,000 miles of railway above ground, and 500 miles under ground, mainly for the development of her mineral interests, and has grown enormously rich.

Georgia, with deposits of iron ore vastly superior both in quantity and quality to those of Pennsylvania, has yet to build the first line of railway for their special development. And Georgia remains comparatively poor.

In Northwest Georgia, coal, iron ore, sandstone, fire-clay and lime are found side by side, or immediately contiguous. Nowhere north of the Ohio and Potomac Rivers do these advantages exist to the same extent as in this favored section.

With an ample supply of iron ore within her borders, Georgia continues to import her rails, plows, horse shoes, nails, metallic coffins and hardware in a thousand different forms, paying an annual tribute of millions to others, for that which is locked up in her hills and mountains, and which should be produced within herself. A limited supply of pig metal is being produced in Northwest Georgia from ten to twelve dollars less per ton than can be done by the manufacturers of Pittsburg.

The iron manufacturers of Pittsburg gather their coal, iron ore, sand stone, and lime, from distant points at a heavy cost, far exceeding that of the Georgia manufactures, and yet Pittsburg has grown enormously rich in supplying the wants of Georgia and other Southern States.

In 1872 she exported over $150,000,000 of her own manufactured goods, mainly of iron and steel in its various forms. Her commerce has kept pace with her increase in manufactures.

A Lull in Railroad Building.

The undue expansion of railroad building, which mainly caused the present financial crisis, will be apt to lead to a corresponding contraction in that useful and necessary branch of activity. Owing chiefly to the wrongful grants of lands to railroads by the government, we have been building new roads at the rate of five thousand miles a year, including many that were not needed and the means of the country were inadequate to construct. The New York Bulletin thinks that for several years to come, no new railroad projects will be attempted except such as promise to supply an existing pressing demand, while on those lines now in course of construction work is likely to be suspended on all but those in which so much money has been already invested as to render the losses from suspension greater than the risks of completion. The crazy Northern Pacific scheme, born of land grants and governmental favoritism, will reel under this blow. The total length of its finished road is five hundred and fifty-seven miles, or about one-fourth of the whole. The company has earned ten millions acres of its land grant, and has issued $30,000,000 of bonds. The Chesapeake and Ohio is another great road that needs more credit to build its extension from Richmond to deep water. Its completed line has cost $40,000,000, and over a million dollars have been expended on the deep-water extensions. What the effect of the crash on the Texas Pacific will be is not developed. It is in strong hands, but we have reached a point when few, if any, new railroad securities can be negotiated. The business has been immensely overdone, and the just must now suffer with the unjust. The people of Virginia may rejoice that their great line between the West and Seaboard is nearly complete, and we of Upper Georgia have great reason for gratulation in the fact that our long and costly Air-Line is entirely out of the cold. The storms and panics of Wall street find it secure and serene.

Foote on Davis.

That irrepressible old gas bag, the frisky and senile little Foote, has been delivered of divers wordy reminiscences, which are periodically paraded in the Washington Chronicle. The standing text of this voluminous gusher is Jefferson Davis. The unction, the venom, and the versatility of abuse that he slobbers upon Mr. Davis are something simply remarkable. Such fecundity of hatred and vituperation we do not remember to have seen equalled in the annals of personal billingsgate.

The last effusion of the scattering Foote is in the Chronicle of the 21st, and it discusses the negotiations for peace near the close of the late war.

Skipping through the five columns of sesquipedalian twaddle we find a perfect shower of bon bons dashed upon the ill-fated Davis. Culling at random we find "stupid and blundering audacity," the shallow and egotistical Davis," "eccentric and fanciful notions," "extreme selfishness of character, his insatiable ambition, his surpassing vanity, and his extreme tenacity of power," "the equivocator," "prince of managers," "puerile and contemptible devices," "cold-blooded and unscrupulous political hypocrite," "characteristic rhodomontade," and more like them, all applied to Mr. Davis.

In the meantime, Mr. Davis treats the ineffable little fellow with a silent contempt, that stings him into madness, and inspires the Mississippian torrent of irate volubility into a constant and drenching overflow.

It is very sad. Foote can't get a look even from the dignified Davis. So he pops away his little gun in impotent malice.

Poor Foote!

Beautiful but Obscure.

We have at last found a parallel to that mighty rhodomontador, the gushing Henry S. Foote. We lit on him with peculiar felicity. The same gush, the same incandescent rhetoric, the same mysterious word-stunners, the same voluble fecundity we found.

The man is that pious African politician of Georgia notoriety, the Reverend H. M. Turner, of legislative memory. He has lately turned up in Savannah. He delivered a lecture on the theme, "The negro in all ages." He delivered it the 8th of April, 1873. He has had it published. He or some other admirer of the learned African hath sent us a copy. It is before us. It is the brashest production of modern days. It reminded us of Foote. The way it sloshes about among the big words is a caution to Foote.

We have only space for the splurging paragraphs with which it bursts on the astounded reader:

"*Ladies and Gentlemen:* We live in an age of investigation, scrutiny, and moral and intellectual enlightenment. Every question bred in human imagination, with all their natural of assumed phases, are passing through the ordeal of the most searching analysis. This might be justly entitled Laboratory age; for there is nothing in the infinite realm of nature but what is wrestled with by the restive genius of man, from the most crude and grotesque material, to the most attenuated film or subtleized monad which connect mind and matter, indeed the most etherialized fancies: as well as cogitative reverie, are made the themes of criticism, and are reduced to the status of speculative philosophy.

"The elementary principles of matter, the most intricate and mazy laws of nature, the fossiliferous inscriptive bearing tablets of the hoary past, which have slept in quiet solitude for countless ages, have of late been aroused by the hand of genius, and whirled into marching line by the battle going of thought."

The Financial Crisis.

The news from the financial flutter represents things as hopeful in New York, but rather gloomy. The banks are still issuing loan certificates and the government is still buying bonds. The banks have issued altogether twelve and a half millions of loan certificates, while the government has bought some seven millions of bonds. The regular business of the city seems undisturbed.

In the West there seems to be a cool, sagacious, confident condition of things. The banks and business men are acting sensibly.

We regret to see that the South is beginning to show some of the effects of the trouble. Yet an unusually clear-headed financial conservatism and courage appears to be exhibited. In Richmond there has been two bank suspensions. But the business men have met *en masse*, as our telegraphic news tell and passed a series of the cleverest and wisest sort of resolutions. They set a fine example for imitation. Declaring their confidence in their banks, and rightly ascribing the trouble to external causes, and not to bank irregularities, they pledge themselves to stand by the banks and pursue only the regular business course, avoiding any unusual draft on the banks.

In Charleston there are no suspensions, but great tightness of the money market and consequent stoppage of trade. They are not alarmed, and the banks and the merchants are trying to give mutual help to each other.

We see no reason to alter our hitherto expressed view—that our people have nothing to fear, and by patience and coolness they can avoid any further trouble than a temporary monetary stringency.

THE COOKE CRASH.

THE VICTIMS.

INTERESTING DETAILS OF THE AFFAIR.

LIST OF THE SUFFERERS.

The following are the names of firms that have failed or suspended:

NEW YORK FAILURES.

Jay Cooke & Co., No. 5 Nassau street; Fisk & Hatch; White, Defreitas & Rathborne; Beers & Edwards; Eugene J. Jackson; Thomas Reed & Co.; W. H. Warren; George Bolton, Alley & Co.; Greenleaf, Norris & Co.; Theodore Berdell; A. M. Kidder; S. H. Smith & Seaver; Day & Morse; Hay & Warner; Vernam & Hoy; Fitch & Co.; W. E. Conner; Whittemore & Anderson; Jacob Little & Co., E. D. Randolph & Co., C. G. White & Co., Ketchum & Belknap, W. G. Moorehead & Co., Saxton & Rogers, Williams & Bostwick, Miller & Walsh, E. Haight & Co., Lawrence Joseph, P. M. Myers & Co., Tansig, Fisher & Co., Fearing & Dunning, Henry Clews & Co., C. G. White, Marvin & Brothers, Union Trust Company, National Trust Company, Bank of The Commonwealth, Bank of North America, Howe & Macy.

PITTSBURG, PA.

Jas. T. Bradley & Co., Security Trust Company.

LONDON FAILURES.

Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co., Clews, Habicht & Co.

PHILADELPHIA FAILURES.

E. W. Clarke & Co., De Haven & Bro., Gelbough, Bond & Bro., George H. North, J. S. & H. E. Yerkes, Charles P. Bayard, John P. Lloyd, Henry H. Douglass, H. H. Bull, T. C. Knight, Henry L. Fell, Union Bank Co.

ALBANY FAILURE.

T. Squire & Co., bankers.

CHICAGO FAILURE.

Franklin Banking Co.

WOBURN, MASS., FAILURE.

Horace Conn, leather manufacturer.

TORONTO, CANDA.

H. J. Moors & Co., bankers.

WILLIAMSPORT, PA.

Powell & Co., bankers.

ST. LOUIS.

Tansig, Gemp & Co.

A HUGE CONTRACT.

Special to the Louisville Courier-Journal]

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 21.—The following is stated to have been the contract of Jay Cooke & Co. with the Northern Pacific Railroad: They took of the road $35,000,000 of bonds, and agreed to pay to the road as fast as the bonds were sold, 85 per cent. thereof. They agreed, further, to pay interest annually to the road, the amount of the interest on bonds remaining in their hands unsold, and this interest was to be considered as an advance payment on the bonds. On the first of September last, the interest due to the road by Jay Cooke & Co. was over $3,000,000, and there was in their hands at least $40,000,000 or $50,000,000 unsold.

BEVERDY JOHNSON'S LETTER TO GRANT.

Reverdy Johnson met with several bankers Monday, and at his dictation a letter to the President was prepared. It recited in brief the salient point of the emergency, the want of money and the opinion of the best financiers of the country that a draft upon the currency reserve would remedy the difficulty. The legality of such a step might be questioned, but the situation, he thought, was such than an exercise of the supreme law of public safety was simply warranted. The letter recited the two great instances of violation of the English Constitution in cases of similar emergency, namely, the suspension of the habeas corpus and the Peel currency act. An instance of a more modern date was also given, that of the issue of five million dollars during the Black Friday panic on the order of President Grant. "The people warranted you in this stretch of power by a re-election unparalled in the history of the country," said the letter in conclusion.

The letter had great weight with the President, but the question of the issue of the reserve to the city banks was decided in the negative. Notwithstanding, after the letter was read by the President and Secretary Richardson, Senator Morton met Mr. Johnson, and the latter said to the Senator: "I have reason to believe that the Sub-Treasury act, which alone regulates the power to designate depositories, was repealed by the act of July 3, 1869, it is a short section and had escaped my notice until to-day."

To this Senator Morton made answer: "The question with the President has been not so much the legality of the step. Secretary Richardson has affirmed that all along. How to get the money into the banks has been the real difficulty that finally decided him in the negative."

THE PHILADELPHIA DRY GOODS MEN

seem to believe that Jay Cooke & Co., will pay the last cent of their liabilities, and say that the city is now full of Southern and Western merchants, whom none of the recent failures can possibly alarm, no more than they can affect the houses upon which these persons are dependent for their goods. They say that the great Masonic gathering to occur next week will increase their trade a hundred fold for this moment, and hence their faces are not at all drawn down.

THE TEA TRADE

is in a healthy condition, and one dealer informs me that, as their business is for the most part negotiated through foreign bankers, these failures cannot possibly affect the tea trade. There has been not the slightest fluctuation in groceries other than that which is constantly taking place. The wholesale drug men fear nothing unless the stress continues. Prices at present are the same here, and will not change unless the excitement refuses to become subdued, while the sales in hardware, wines, as well as the business of the auction rooms, run along in the same old channels, indifferent to the crash of falling firms upon the street.

SATURDAY AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

As a rule the men (young for the most part) who conduct the stock market come to the work of buying and selling every morning with a trim elegance of person. They dress well, and unless entirely broken they live and feast well. It may be said that the youth of Wall street, hard as they struggle in the Exchange and the Gold Room, shouting themselves hoarse from day to day and keeping up a severe tension of the faculties, yet live a free and easy life. They look upon the world as a morass, they who step lightly through it fare the best. These young men were neither trim nor bright in dress or features yesterday. They were inordinately anxious, and all earthly and other considerations were subordinated for the moment to the one consideration of stocks and margins. They rushed into the Exchange looking like dissipated revellers unkempt, unwashed, unrefreshed, desperately under the weather, and most unhappy every way. They were not a pleasant sight by any means, and their voices (terrible to hear at any time) seemed to have acquired a more demoniac quality than hitherto. In five minutes after this crowd assembled all the air around was echoing with shouts perfectly unintelligible to the stranger's ear. When a great shrill clamor mounted up from the throats of a score of wild and apparently angry men, a deep bass voice might be heard to strike in like the bray of a locomotive in a concert of tin whistles. This appeared to change the key of the many, and the voices fell to a harmony with the bass. Then a falsetto screamed out above the deep rumble of sounds, and made itself distinctly heard all over the floor. This ingenious practice of surmounting by the peculiar pitch of the voice the great babel of voices is a common feature of the Exchange, but needs training to reach perfection. The wildest efforts of the wildest tribe of barbarians could hardly eclipse the tremendous din that prevailed if they shouted till the crack of Doom. The gallery was thronged, and several ladies were there—as much a novelty to see in that particular place as a blush rose in a potato patch. It was only a brief time after the assembling of the Board that the President, in his usual firm and unruffled manner, rapped emphatically with his gavel and abated the fierce roar of voices to a low murmur. Then the people on the floor crowded forward towards the President's desk and unusual silence followed.

WALL STREET MONDAY NIGHT.

Wall street to-day presented a most extraordinary spectacle. It would be difficult in the necessarily brief limits of newspaper reports to give a correct idea of the excitement which prevailed, but the excitement to-day was apparently of an entirely different kind to the intense anxiety observable Friday and Saturday, which had its origin in the condition of universal panic. The streets, that is Wall street, Nassau street and Broad street, were crowded. It was difficult for a pedestrian to thread his way through the different groups which occupied the streets and inside walks. The most striking feature of the scene was that the masses to-day were spectators, whereas on the last day of the preceding week every one was rushing hither and thither fighting and struggling to make his way to some bank or broker's office. This morning everything to the outward eye was calm and quiet and of the thousands of persons who blocked the streets, the Sub-Treasury steps and other places from which a view of the neighborhood could be secured, probably one-half were drawn to the spot by curiosity alone. The conversation on the street was not so excited as it was 48 hours ago and there seemed to be a general impression that a better state of feeling existed and that mutual confidence was likely to be re-established.

THE VICTIMS INTERVIEWED.

The encounters of the "interviewer" and his victims are sometimes laughable. The coolness of the New York reporters is unequalled this side of the icebergs, and, no matter what their reception, they take up their hats with exasperating nonchalance, and jauntiness. The recent panic has given them plenty to do. Whenever and wherever a prominent merchant banker, or broker is met, he is button-holed and pumped for whatever information he may have in him. On the street corners, up and down Wall street, at private houses, in public offices, at the hotels, the reporters prowl in search of prey. Sometimes, like the weak fish, the hook once placed, the victim yields at once. Sometimes, however, a man worried enough already, refuses to be worried any more. Here is an interview with Mr. Rufus Hatch, the concluding sentence of which is decidedly cool:

Reporter.—I should like to ask you a few questions about the state of affairs in the street, Mr. Hatch.

Mr. Hatch.—I know nothing about anybody's business but my own.

Had you any suspicion, asked the reporter, that a suspension of Jay Cooke & Co.'s house was probable?

I know nothing, reiterated Mr. Hatch, of anybody's business but my own.

Do you think, persisted the reporter, despairingly, that they will be able to resume business?

I know nothing, repeated Mr. Hatch with dreary monotony, of anybody's business but my own.

It seemed to the reporter that Mr. Hatch was disinclined for conversation.

Alabama News.

General Longstreet is prospecting around Birmingham.

Moulton Advertiser: The jury in the case of The State vs. Paschal for murder of Oats, a conductor on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad in 1869, returned a verdict of not guilty.

Jacksonville Republican: Hon. W. P. Howell, of Cleburn, writes us of the death of Rev. Thomas Wallace, Congregational Methodist, from the bite of a rattle snake. He died in six hours after he was struck. Aged 65 years.

The Columbus Sun is informed that a New York house proposed to establish a branch house at Opelika, but the late killing in that city, and more especially the duellistic correspondence which has grown out of it, and ramified in most unexpected places, and called in persons who had no possible connection with it, has caused the New York firm to withdraw both their credit and money from such an undertaking. They argue badly for business from existing circumstances.

Eufaula News: A strong force of mechanics and laborers have been employed at the fair grounds recently, who have covered the grand stand, erected new buildings, and otherwise enlarged and improved the facilities for holding the fair in October. The indications still are that a great number of visitors will be present, and both the officers of the association and our citizens proper are making extensive preparations for their accommodations.

Birmingham Independent: The meetings of the Ruhama Horticultural Society are very interesting. A committee reported corn crop yield above the average compared with past three or four years. Wheat a failure. Oats, peas and potatoes good. Clover prospects encouraging. Cotton fair. A stock company for sheep raising was formed and the following resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, That we, the Ruhama Horticultural Society, do earnestly request the General Assembly of Alabama to enact a law or laws taxing every dog in the State except Shepherd's dogs, or requiring a license to be taken out for every dog kept upon any person's premises except as before mentioned with a heavy penalty annexed for any violation of such law."—By the school census just taken, our city has 497 youths of both sexes between the ages of 5 and 21 years. Of these 381 are white and 115 colored.

The Yellow Plague in Alabama.

The Mobile Register of the 19th announces that Sister Regina, the cherished Superioress of the Sisters of Charity in charge of the Providence Infirmary, died of yellow fever, and another Sister is lying dangerously ill of the same disease.

Yellow fever is reported to have broken out at nearly every little station on the line of road from Pensacola, Florida, to the junction of the Mobile and Montgomery, and Pensacola Louisville Railroads. Everybody is leaving as fast as possible. Mr. Sam Christian, the telegraph operator at the junction of the two roads, has died of the fever.

We further learn that two persons died of yellow fever at Evergreen, on Friday. F. A. Monroe telegraphs the Selma Times, on the 19th, that there are fifteen cases of yellow fever at Pensacola Junction.—*Columbus Enquirer.*

The Mayor of Montgomery has forbidden all people from yellow fever points from stopping in Montgomery.

☞ Mrs. Ellen Sheely was among the bidders in St. Louis last week for grading five streets. The Republican of that city says: "All the bids were very judicious and evinced a knowledge of the business not inferior to the oldest of our contractors. The bids were very close on the mark and the contracts were only lost by a few cents. Mrs. Sheely, as administratrix of her husband's estate, completed an extensive piece of grading last fall, for which he was contractor, in the western part of the city, and is therefore not without experience in the business."

☞ Dr. Reid, the celebrated medical writer, was requested by a lady of literary eminence to call at her house. "Be sure you recollect the address," said she, as she quitted the room, "No. 1 Chesterfield street." "Madame," said the doctor, "I am too great an admirer of platonics not to remember Chesterfield, and, I fear, too selfish ever to forget number one.

SPECIAL.

The Grand Lodge of Good Templars in Augusta.

A Brilliant Schutzenfest Festival.

Augusta Special to the Atlanta Constitution.

AUGUSTA, GA., September 24.—The Grand Lodge of Good Templars of the State of Georgia convened in the Masonic Hall at ten oclock A. M. to-day. The attendance numbered one hundred delegates.

THE NEGRO QUESTION.

During the afternoon session, the negro question came up and elicited intense excitement. Speeches were made by the Hon. John W. H. Underwood, J. J. Hickman, and others. The discussion will be resumed at 9 o'clock, to-morrow morning.

Judge Underwood and J. J. Hickman are billed to deliver public speeches to-morrow.

THE SCHUTZENFEST.

The Schutzenfest festival is a grand success. There are brilliant displays of fireworks on Broad street to-night.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

EARLY NIGHT NEWS

For Noon Dispatches See First Page.

THE WEATHER.

WINDS AND CLOUDS IN GEORGIA.

WASHINGTON, September 24.—Probabilities.—On Thursday, for New England, the pressure will diminish, with fresh easterly to southerly winds and increasing cloudiness.

For the Middle States, fresh and brisk winds, veering to southeast and southwest, with cloudy weather and rain.

For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, east of the Mississippi, gentle and fresh winds, mostly from the southeast and southwest, with generally cloudy weather and rain areas.

For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley cloudy weather, rain and fresh to brisk winds, veering to west and northwest.

For the lower lake region brisk and high winds, veering to southerly, clou y weather and rain.

For the upper lake region cloudy weather, rain and brisk and high winds, the latter shifting to westerly and northerly, with clear and clearing weather.

For the Northwest, northerly to westerly winds and clear and clearing weather.

The storm centre in Wisconsin veeres eastward into Canada.

Cautionary signals continue at Escanaba, Milwaukee, Chicago, Grand Haven, and are ordered for Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland, Erie and Buffalo.

FATAL SHIP COLLISION.

WASHINGTON, September 24.—The American schooner Addie Osborn, from Princetown, Mass., was sunk near Cape Breton by a collision with the British steamer Precursor, on the 14th instant. Twelve persons were lost, including the captain and mate of the schooner. None were lost from the steamer.

AN ALABAMA REVENUE DEFAULTER.

Commissioner Douglass has been informed of the defalcation of Colonel Archer Widmer, of the Second District of Alabama. The defalcation is supposed to be about $20,000.

The Crash in Charleston.

TRADE ALMOST STOPPED—NO MONEY—DUE PAPER RENEWED—NO FAILURES.

CHARLESTON, September 24.—Sailed—Matilda Brooks. Arrived—H. W. McCally.

Money is so stringent here that no obligations are contracted, and all business is limited in amount.

There is some demand for cotton at low figures, but the difficulty in negotiating exchange stops sales, and the relief from that source is slow in coming. Factors would at the moment accept low rates for most articles of produce. Paper falling due is renewed in full or with a small payment on account. Creditors are disposed to be indulgent. No failures have been reported. The banks cash checks as usual and there has not been the first symptom of a run.

WIFE MURDER.

ALLENTON, PA., September 24.—Thomas B. Parker, shot his wife this morning, and then blew his brains out. The cause, jealously. The parties are very wealthy. The wife is supposed to be mortally wounded. The tragedy caused intense excitement.

THE CRASH.

NEW SUSPENSION—BANKS EASY—TWO AND A-HALF MILLIONS OF LOAN CERTIFICATES ISSUED AND BONDS BOUGHT—HOPEFUL BUT GLOOMY

NEW YORK, September 24.—The suspension of Brown & Watson was announced at two o'clock. All quiet about the savings banks throughout the city. No suspensions of payment have occurred to-day. The directors appear to be more confident. Two and a-half millions of loan certificates were issued by the Clearing House. The government bought over two and a-half millions of bonds.

3 50 P. M.—The street is very quiet at this hour. The day closes hopeful but rather gloomy.

MILWAUKEE, September 24.—The Chamber of Commerce adjourned to Monday, 29th.

Resolutions don't interfere with former contracts, but recommends all outside trading to cease.

CHICAGO, September 24.—Bank clearances good and a comfortable feeling prevails.

EARLY NIGHT FLASHES.

NEW YORK, September 24.—Arrived, Montgomery. Sailed, Charleston. Arrived out, Morelle.

UTICA, N. Y., September 24.—Francis A. Thayer was nominated for Secretary of State, Nelson K. Hopkins for Comptroller, Darret G. Fort for Treasurer, Seward L. Ward for permanent President of the Convention.

HALIFAX, September 24.—Brown won by several lengths.

MADRID, September 24.—The Insurgent's frigates left the harbor of Alicante because foreign Consuls except representatives of Great Britain protested against the bombardment of the city. The British consul for some unknown cause refused to join in the protest.

LONDON, September 24.—A dispatch to the Times from Alicante of later date than the dispatch from Madrid, denies that the insurgent's vessels have left there. It says they are yet in the harbor, and will commence to bombard the city to-morrow.

SAVANNAH, September 24.—Arrived, Prim, Huntsville, and San Jacinto. Cleared, the Eclipse.

THE CRASH IN RICHMOND.

TWO BANKS CLOSED—THE OTHERS HOLDING OUT—GENERAL MEETING OF BUSINESS MEN TO WARD OFF CRASH.

RICHMOND, VA., September 24.—The Dollar Savings Bank closed this morning. Isaac Taylor & Williams, Bankers, suspended on account of scarcity of currency, their amounts being double their liabilities.

In both of the above concerns the stone cutters employed at the government stone yard were depositors to a large amount. Considerable excitement existed in the neighborhood of the various banks, and a rush of small depositors was made on them. All are holding out as yet, and will doubtless weather the storm through the day.

The Freedmen's Saving Bank requires legal notice, as also other private institutions. A general meeting of the members of the Chamber of Commerce, Corn Exchange, and Tobacco Association, and the leading merchants, was held at 1 o'clock to consider the state of affairs, and adopt some measure to strengthen public confidence.

The meeting of merchants and manufacturers, including members of the various commercial associations of the city, held at 1 o'clock, was the largest gathering of the kind ever held in Richmond, and the greatest interest manifested in the present financial crisis. A series of resolutions were adopted with great unanimity, in effect as follows: That the present condition of affairs in Richmond has arisen from causes and influences external to banking and mercantile business thereof and is in no wise attributed to irregular operations or undue expansions on the part of the banks or merchants. The banks of this city are at present believed to be of undoubted solvency, and that no loss can result to creditors if the banks are allowed to proceed as heretofore. That the meeting deprecates the uneasy feeling, now prevailing in the city, as tending to produce a panic and create a run on the banks, thereby being likely to cause their suspension, as well as to arrest and overthrow all business. That in view of the undoubted solvency of the banks, and to prove their confidence therein, the members of the meeting pledge themselves to abstain from running the banks, and confine themselves to strict regular and necessary checks and drafts in course of business, making them as limited as possible, and continue as heretofore to make deposits, and that they urged upon all persons having business with banks to pursue a like course of confidence, thus avoiding the greatest contingencies of prostration and despair.

No further suspensions are reported. The banks all held out till closing, paying up promptly. Excitement greatly subsided.

THE UNION OF NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN CHURCHES.

PHILADELPHIA, September 23.—Rev. Dr. Q. Rooser, of the M. E. Church South, delivered a sermon this afternoon to the ministers, taking for his text, "Have faith in God," in which he advocated a union of the church throughout the country. The speaker closed by hoping that the church North and South would be united at an early day.

THE CRASH.

HENRY CLEWS' SUSPENSION RENEWS THE PANIC SLIGHTLY—RUMORS ABOUT JAY COOKE'S LONDON BRANCH—FEVERISH FEELING IN WASHINGTON.

RICHMOND ALL RIGHT.

NEW YORK, September 23.—The failure of Henry Clews & Co. left the street at the close of business in a state of wild excitement, and the headway made in restoring confidence up to one o'clock to-day has been lost. Many damaging rumors are again current.

A report was circulated that Jay Cooke, McCullough & Co., of London, are throwing out drafts drawn by Jay, Cooke & Co., which have come to hand since the news of suspension was received, but the rumor can be traced to no authentic source. Speculative stocks unquotable at the close of business.

WASHINGTON, September 23.—Finances are feverish. Comptroller Knox and all others are surprised at the Petersburg, Virginia, suspensions. They hope that the railroad complications are of a local character that have led to the disaster, and that it will not spread.

RICHMOND, September 23.—The feeling here this afternoon has been one of nervousness, resulting principally from the news from Petersburg. No runs on any of the banks, in fact some of them claim to have done more business in receiving deposits than usual.

The directors of the Dollar Savings Bank have decided upon suspending to-morrow. The President states that the assets are more than enough to pay all depositors, but being principally in collaterals they are not immediately available.

A meeting of the officers of the Fourth National Bank, and of the State Bank of Virginia, and the Mechanics' Banking and Insurance Company, this evening, resolved to sustain each other. They expect to have sufficient funds to-morrow to stand any run that may be made. Public confidence in banks appears to be generally unshaken.

NEW YORK, September 23.—After the suspension of Clews & Co., two per cent. per day was offered for money. No regular price was established to-day, lenders making their own terms.

The cashier of the Fourth National Bank, which threw out Clews & Co.'s checks to the amount of $200,000, says the bank did so simply because their account was not good There was no over draft, but there would have been had the bank allowed it.

SAN EOMINGO TROUBLE.

PORTO PLATA, September 8.—The revolutionists led by Gen. Garcia, formerly an adherent of Baez, are succeeding. The revolutionists cry down with the Samana Convention and Baez.

MIDNIGHT NEWS.

THE CRASH.

A LARGE BALTIMORE BANKING HOUSE SUSPENDED—INCREASE OF THE OCEAN CABLE BUSINESS.

BALTIMORE, September 24.—Brown, Lancaster & Co., the well known bankers of this city, and agents of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, having branch houses in New York and Richmond, suspended this afternoon. The firm state that the suspension was caused by the unexpected and unprecedented run.

LONDON, September 24.—The Financier says the business of the Atlantic cable has largely increased since the panic in New York. Receipts now estimated at $37,000 daily.

FIRE.

NEW YORK, September 24.—Messrs. Page & Co.'s patent roofing, factory, on Clara street, and five adjoining buildings burned to-day. Loss $15,000.

FOREIGN.

FIRE IN LONDON—EX-DICTATOR OF ROME DEAD—THE SPANIARDS CHARGE FRANCE WITH VIOLATING NEUTRALITY.

LONDON, September 24.—A fire in the Athenian Library to-day at Manchester destroyed twenty thousand volumes.

ROME, September 24.—Francisco Guerrazzi, the proclaimed dictator at Rome in 1849, died yesterday, aged 68.

MADRID, September 24.—Minister Colonies has proposed to go to Havana in person to study Cuban questions with a view to making important reforms. It is reported that the Spanish government will soon address a formal complaint to the French government setting forth that the Carlists chieftain Seballs was permitted to pass through French territory and cross frontier into Cartalenia without hinderance, in violation of the obligations of neutrality.

THE WOODHULL.—That notorious creature has been lecturing in Chicago, and even the sense of that not over sensitive city has been obfuscated by the atrociously indecent divagations of that prurient female.

The Chicago Times heads the crusade and reluctantly accomplishes the revolting duty of dragging before the public that vivacious mass of putridity.

Never in the history of the world—not even in the lowest days of Roman depravity, when the poets and artists vied with each other, in the dissemination of the most odious vices, has pen, pencil or chisel reached such a depth of obscenity.

It would not do for a paper like this even to hint at those infamous precepts, and we must confine ourselves to the simple question as to how any civilized community can, under the flimsy pretence of respect for the freedom of speech, allow such a debased creature to leave the platform of a public hall untorn by the just fury of her hearers.

☞ A blast furnace will be complet ed this year by the Oakdale Iron Company of Roane county, Tennessee. It is being erected on the De Armon place, at the head of the Tennessee Valley, and will have a capacity of 60 tons per day. A village is spring up around it.

☞ Thirty thousand Remington rifles have been tendered to the Spanish public, and, by a vote of the Cortes, the Minister of War has been authorized to receive them. This means business, and looks bad for Don Carlos.

☞ The universities of Gottengen and Heidelberg have resolved not to admit female students.

Financial and Commercial

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 23.—Cotton nominal at 18a18 3 4; sales 1,088.

Cotton — net receipts 312; gross 1,900; sales 27,600 bales, as follows: September 17 1-16; October, 16 7-8; November 17; December 17a17 1-16; January 17 1-4.

Southern flour dull and heavy, but lower at $6 70a7 80; common to fair extra $7 85a $8 to $10; good to choice do. Whisky heavy and lower at 97a97 1-2 for cash. Corn heavy at 1c. lower; holders disposed to realize difficulty with the ex

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION
ATLANTA:
THURSDAY SEPTEMBER 25, 1873.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.
See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news."
mar11-1y

Redwine & Fox Have Kept it Up Since 1865.

To supply the trade with pure drugs, patent and other medicines, at low prices, and in consequence, when the people need a good article call on
July17-dtf REDWIN & FOX.

State and County Tax Payers,
TAKE NOTICE!

I am positively commanded by the COMPTROLLER GENERAL to close the STATE AND COUNTY TAX BOOKS within the time prescribed by the Tax Act of the last General Assembly.
I am left no discretion. Come forward and save costs.
S. B. HOYT, T. C.
☞ OFFICE: Alabama street, nearly opposite Austell's Bank.
sep23-d10t

Carley, Buck & Co!

Atlanta Branch [Great Southern Oil and Paint Works, 35 Pryor street. Pure Leads, Lard, Linseed, and Burning Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Window-Glass, Lamps, etc., at Wholesale. Artists' materials, Crayons, Pencils, Canvass, Stretchers, Waters and Oil Colors, etc., a speciality.
sep15-eodly

PRICES of all goods marked in plain figures, only one price. Robes $2 25 to $12 00; walking and train skirts 90 cents to $6 25; chemises, $1 to $3 50, drawers 75 cents to $2, corset covers $1 25 to $4 50, toilet sets, one $1 25 to $7, spreads 90 cents to $4—all made of the finest undressed material—at Mardella street, opposite the Post Office.
sug3-deodtf MRS. BROOKS.

LECTURE OF RT. REV. BISHOP GROSS This beautiful address, delivered at the Capitol to an immense audience, and reported verbatim in THE CONSTITUTION, is greatly in demand. To supply orders received, we are printing *five thousand* copies. The net proceeds go to the Building Committee of the splendid new Catholic church. For sale at the counter at 5 cents per copy, $3 per hundred, $10 per five hundred, $18 per thousand. We will pay postage on orders from a distance.
tf

THOUGHT AND ITS CHARIOTS.—Address at Monroe Female College by Rev. D. C. Dixon. In pamphlet form. Prices same as lecture above.
sept15-tf

THE BOOK STORE OF PHILLIPS & CREW, ATLANTA, GA.—Is the place to buy satisfactorily, both at wholesale and retail, everything in their trade, from a Cyclopedia to a School Primer—from a Bank Ledger to a Lady's Envelop. Whatever you may want, write to or visit them. Whenever you want any books, send a note and they will annex their prices thereto. They do not "duplicate New York bills," but sell as low as any house in the State.
sep14-codtf.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Mrs. McCormick wants two milliners immediately. Good wages.

The New Code of Georgia is out and can be had of J. W. Burke & Co., either at Macon or Atlanta.

G. W. Jack is determined to permit no competition with him in candy and crackers.

Messrs. Adair & Brothers have a fine room for storing cotton and produce. They are exclusive agents for Dunn & Brown's flour.

Messrs. Mayson & Norman have opened in connection with their auction business a real estate office for the selling and renting of real estate.

See the administrator's sale of the valuable property belonging to the estate of Peter Huge, on the first Tuesday in November.

Read the advertisement of the Savannah Fair.

See notice in bankruptcy of John W. Price.

See notice in bankruptcy of George F. Connell.

See notice in bankruptcy of Wiley F. Atkinson.

THERE is very little barley in town.

THE stock of bacon is light at present.

MRS. MCCORMICK wants two first-class milliners. Good wages paid.

CORRECTION.—The Rev. J. H. Baxter is the Methodist Minister at Gainesville, and not J. H. Bayler, as the types would have it.

CITY AGENT.—Mr. W. G. Ham is our authorized City Agent to solicit subscriptions and advertisements, and to collect and receipt for the same.

PERSONAL.—We are pleased to see Colonel W. L. Gordon back at his post in the Dollar Savings Bank.

Hon. John H. James speaks at Marietta to day.

Hon. O. A. Lochrane has recovered from his late indisposition.

Rev. J. W. Burke is in the city.

THE FREEDMANS TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK.—It has been incorrectly stated that Jay Cooke & Co. were correspondents of the Atlanta branch of the above Bank. Jay Cooke & Co. were simply accustomed to certify to their checks in the New York clearing house. There was no other connection.

RAILROAD SMASH UP.—The up freight train on the Western and Atlantic Railroad ran off near Big Shanty yesterday morning, completely wrecking ten or eleven freight cars, and so covering the track with the debris as to necessitate the transfer of passengers. The down passenger train was delayed several hours in consequence. The road is now freed from the wreck.

Gov. Smith Suspends Collection of Special Liquor Tax.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF GEORGIA, ATLANTA, GA., September 20, 1873.

To the Honorable the Comptroller General:

Whereas, Petitions numerously signed by merchants and other citizens of this State have been received representing that the special tax of $250 imposed by the 9th paragraph of the 2d section of the act entitled "an act to levy and collect a tax for the support of the government for the year 1873, and for other purposes," approved February 20, 1873, upon every individual company or corporation selling or causing to be sold, by wholesale, any malt liquors in this State, discriminates against citizens of this State in favor of citizens of other States, and operates unjustly upon those engaged in the business of wholesale dealers in malt liquors in this State; and

Whereas, It will not injure the public interest to suspend the collection of said tax until the next meeting of the General Assembly, and believing it proper that the complaint of the petitioners should be laid before the Legislature, that the relief by the nature of the case may be granted; it is, therefore,

Ordered, That the collection of the special tax aforesaid, due the State, be, and the same is hereby suspended until the next meeting of the General Assembly.

It is further ordered that the Comptroller General daily notify the Tax Collectors of the State of the above suspension.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Executive Department at the Capitol in Atlanta, the day and year above written.

By the Governor: JAMES M. SMITH, Governor.
J. W. WARREN, Sec. Ex. Department.

The Big Well.

Editors Constitution: I dislike to trouble you again and will say as few words as possible in reply to my friend Rushton.

Mr. Rushton shows in the outset that the idea of finishing the city with well water had died out, when I renewed it. That is so, and had it not been renewed by me, we would in a short time have been drinking the filthy water of South River. Consequently, I hope the citizens of Atlanta will give me credit for pure water when they get it—no matter who finds it for them. I had rather have the good will of the citizens generally than all of the money any one who gets the job from me will make out of it, as much as that may be.

To gratify my wife, I must withdraw my proposition to pay for the well, but am ready to direct the work free of charge, and get the water all the same.

The City Council will please accept my thanks for offering that I should conduct the well business for them.

I have never heard the opinion of either one of the Water Commissioners, but if they have an idea of testing the well question, and should prefer having it done by the Messrs. Noble, of Rome—Mr. Rushton knows them occasionally—I bow in submission, believing at the same time, that the city will be the loser by the change. The Messrs. Noble, of Rome, are splendid engine builders, but I have yet to be convinced that they, or Mr. Rushton, are better acquainted with the bowels of the earth than I am.

In order to get all of the water I wished, I intended to purchase almost the identical plan mentioned by Mr. Rushton, from the bottom of my well, and in any case my big well would be indispensable for collecting the water.

In addition to the one and one-half million gallons of water, in my well, I have planned a cheap tank, or reservoir, of great strength and durability, to hold one million gallons in readiness for fire purposes.

I now propose to direct the work to *undoubted success*, free of charge for my services, the city furnishing hands, etc., according to my former proposition. If I conduct the work, the city will get an equivalent in work for every cent they pay out, rings will stand no chance.

Respectfully,
F. D. THURMAN.

J. W. BURKE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Booksellers and Stationers,
CORNER ALABAMA AND WHITEHALL STREETS,
Atlanta.....Georgia,
☞ WILL DUPLICATE NEW YORK BILLS.
sept3—d3mo

What Constitutes a Legal Distillery.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 4TH DIST. GEORGIA,
ATLANTA, SEPTEMBER 23D, 1873.

Messrs. Bussey & Andrews, Warm Springs, Meriwether County, Ga: GENTLEMEN—In reply to yours of the 16th inst., desiring to be informed as to the requirements of law concerning distilling of fruit, I would say, that if you intend to engage in that business you will have to provide a house and have your distilling apparatus arranged as herein described. The house may be constructed of logs or planks, and its size may be according to the number of mash and fermenting tubs and stills you may desire to put up in it.

The mash and fermenting tubs you intend to put in the distillery must be so arranged that they can be numbered in consecutive order, and on the fermenting tubs, besides marking the number of each, you will also have to mark with paint the cubic contents in gallons of each.

The fermenting tubs must be so placed that they are easily accessible. It has been the custom, and is yet, in all the registered distilleries now running in this district, to have a fermenting tub for each mash tub, but as such an arrangement requires considerable labor in emptying the mash into the fermenting tubs, parties may, if they prefer, arrange their mash tubs in a rather elevated position and have large fermenting vats, around which several mash tubs may be placed, and thus let the mash flow into the fermenting tubs, and thereby save considerable labor.

Besides the tubs and stills, you will have to provide a worm tank for each still, and pipes to lead the singlings from the still into a cistern called the "low wine cistern." Near the low wine cistern you will have to place a box or enclosure, which must be so constructed that it can be locked for the purpose of enclosing the low wine connections. At the outlet of the worm of the still used for doubling you will also have to construct a similar box for the purpose of enclosing the high wine connections with the cisterns into which the spirits is to flow.

You will have to provide in a separate room called "the cistern room," which must be in the distillery building and divided from the other distilling apparatus by a closed partition, so that it can be locked, three or four cisterns, each large enough to hold a full day's production. Large barrels of seventy-five or eighty gallons are generally used for this purpose. Into these cisterns must be run the spirits produced; each day's production to run into a separate cistern.

You will have to provide also a pipe running from the box inclosing the highwine connections for each cistern so that the flow of the spirits may be changed from one cistern to another.

In the distillery building you will also provide a separate enclosed room, called the "meal room," in which all the meal used will have to be stored, and said room will be under the supervision of the storekeeper.

After having constructed your building and set up your tubs and apparatus, you will have to provide near the building, say 25 or 50 feet from it, a small house, called the "warehouse," in which all the spirits, when it is withdrawn from the cisterns, will have to be stored until the tax is paid.

The spirits will be withdrawn from the cistern room by the gauger every three days, and then placed in the warehouse. You can withdraw the spirits from the warehouse immediately after it is stored therein upon payment of the tax, or you can leave it in there longer, not exceeding one year.

This warehouse may be a small building constructed of log or plank, 10x12, or smaller, and must have no opening except a door. The warehouse will be in charge of the storekeeper who has a lock and key for the same.

After having everything constructed as herein set forth, you will notify this office thereof.

This office will then send an officer to make a survey of your distillery, in order to ascertain the capacity thereof, that is how much whisky can be produced in twenty-four hours, counting two gallons of whisky to the bushel of corn. Inasmuch as the law does not limit as to how much whisky a distillery shall make before the government will approve of it, you may, if you do not desire to run on a rather large scale, put up such a distillery as will produce eight or ten gallons in twenty-four hours.

The capacity of your distillery will be determined on the number eight size of your fermenting tubs entirely. It is, therefore, for you to see to it, that you do not have more tubs than you have boiling capacity, (stills), to still up your beer.

The officer making the survey will furnish and prepared for you the necessary papers, you will have to sign. At the same time you will also have to give bond in the sum of $5,000.

After the survey is taken, you will have to prepare at your expense, a plan in triplicate, of the distillery and apparatus.

After the papers shall all have been received at this office, they will be forwarded to Washington for approval, and at the same time some suitable person recommended for storekeeper. The storekeeper and gauger are paid by the government. The distiller pays nothing except seventy cents on every gallon which he actually produces, and if he fails short of his capacity, then on the number of gallons to be produced according to the survey.

In this connection, I would also say, that after once starting you would have to run steadily every day, as you are charged for every day with the capacity shown by the survey. A distiller may, however, suspend operations at any time, as for instance, when in the case of an accident he needs time to repair his distillery, but upon his doing so, he must give notice thereof immediately to this office.

If it should be your intention to start a distillery, I would advise you to visit the distillery of Messrs. Cox & Hill now in operation near Stone Mountain, Ga. By doing so, and conferring with Mr. Irish, the store keeper at said distillery, you can obtain more knowledge and information as to the mode of operating a distillery in accordance with the requirements of the law, than can possibly be given in a letter.

Very respectfully,
J. A. HOLTZCLAW, Collector.

DeKALB SUPERIOR COURT.

Winding Up Criminal Business—Six Recruits to Grant, Alexander and Company's Army.

The jury in the case of Asbury Payne, charged with burglary in the night time, returned a verdict of "not guilty."

Nat Humphries plead guilty to carrying concealed weapons. He was then tried for assault and battery and acquitted.

Turner Warren and Thomas Warren were acquitted of the charge of being engaged in an affray, and William Chase of an assault.

The last criminal case has been disposed of.

The common law docket will be taken up to-day. The Court will probably adjourn to-morrow afternoon. Judge Hopkins goes up to hold Court in the Cherokee Circuit, and Judge C. D. McCutchen, one of the best judges in the State, will preside at Fulton Superior Court next Monday.

Six convicts were sent off from Decatur yesterday to Grant, Alexander & Co: Stephen Lang, Frank Robinson, Rooks, and three negroes. Robinson was chained with a negro woman convicted of bigamy in presence of his wife.

THE joy-beaming countenance of Colonel John N. Dunn is missed on 'Change, since he has left for Tennessee.

THOMPSON is in receipt of Mobile shell oysters, Norfolk oysters, quail, woodcock and all the delicacies of the season. Drop in and see him.

REAL ESTATE OFFICE.—Messrs. Mayson & Norman have opened a real estate office for the selling and renting of real estate, in connection with their auction and furniture business. We commend them to our readers.

THE energetic City Sexton is enlarging the hog house at the cemetery for the accommodation of green house plants during the winter season. If the matter was left to the ladies, he won'd be elected for life. We propose that the matter be left to them.

THE CODE OF GEORGIA.—The new Code of Georgia has just been issued from the press by J. W. Burke & Co., of Macon. The price for plain copies is $10, and interleaved $12. Orders for new subscriptions will be received by J. W. Burke & Co., at Macon or Atlanta.

ADAIR & BROTHERS.—We invite attention to the advertisement of Messrs. Adair & Brothers, commission merchants and wholesale dealers in grain, hay, flour, etc. They have one of the largest and most convenient storage warerooms in the city, and will store produce and cotton upon reasonable terms, making no charge for drayage in car load lots, except to the Air-Line depot. Planters will do well to consign their produce and cotton to them. Messrs. A. & Bros. are exclusive agents for Dunn & Brown's flour. The firm is prompt, reliable and energetic.

G. W. JACK.—Mr. G. W. Jack began business in this city in 1854—nearly twenty years ago. From a small beginning he has gradually built up one of the largest trades in candies and crackers in the South. His establishment is the most complete one in the South, and he sells his goods as cheap as in the West or North. In fact he will duplicate Western and Northern orders.

He has canned oysters, canned fruits, potted meats, crackers, candies, baskets, toys, trunks, etc., in any quantity. He sells at wholesale. Mr. Jack is an old and popular citizen, and his establishment has an established reputation "equalled by few and surpassed by none."

WALTER B. MITCHELL is now at M. & J. Hirsch's.

MASTER FRANK, at Phillips & Crew's does not dye his mustache—his cheeks cast the first rose!

I. B. LANGFORD will not be a candidate for Mayor, but he will take pleasure in supplying candidates with stoves, grates and house-furnishing goods.

SAVANNAH FAIR.—The Third Annual Exposition of the Agricultural and Mechanical Association of Georgia begins on Monday, November 11th. $8,000 in medals and money to be awarded.

PETER HUGE'S PROPERTY.—The valuable real estate belonging to the estate of Peter Huge will be sold at Administrator's Sale on the first Tuesday in November.

SALE OF THE ELEPHANT.—Witt & Joyner, of the Atlanta Auction House, sold "the Elephant" yesterday. It went cheap—only $1 21. The Esquimaux pups brought $4 each.

ON 'CHANGE.—The meeting On 'Change yesterday was quite pleasant and well attended. Vice President Stephens presided. President Crane stated that although he had felt as blue as an indigo bag, he had a more cheerful view of the situation now, and anticipated future good from the present financial crisis.

CONCERT AND HOP TO-NIGHT AT JAMES' HALL.—The Concert and Hop, complimentary to the Governor's Guards, takes place this evening. Remember the time and place, and give the Guards a rousing benefit. Tickets can be obtained from members of the Company, the drug stores and at Phillips & Crew's book store, and at the door.

DEATH OF A WOUNDED MAN.—Our readers will remember that a few days ago we gave the particulars of a stabbing affray that occurred in Hogansville on the 20th inst., and in which a man by the name of Clifford Woodruff was seriously stabbed by another named Malcolm. We regret to learn that Mr. Woodruff died of his injuries on Monday last. This highens the charge against Malcolm to murder. He is at present confined in jail at Hogansville and will be tried as soon as possible.

J. W. BURKE & CO.—Passing by the book store of J. W. Burke & Co, we spied the pleasing and handsome countenance of Rev. John W. Burke, who is here on a visit from Macon. All hands were busy packing books and stationery for points on the Air-Line, Georgia, Macon and Western, and other roads. It is really astonishing to see the amount of business they have developed already. If you don't believe that they can and do duplicate New York bills give them a trial and test it.

THE GREAT EASTERN CIRCUS.—We were pleased to receive a call yesterday from Mr. A. Haight, one of the proprietors of this popular Circus. He informs us that the Great Show will certainly visit Atlanta by the 27th or 28th of October, that it is in a most flourishing condition, and that we are to have something in the way of a mammoth Circus and Menagerie, that has been rarely equalled in these parts. Mr. Haight expects a rousing welcome, and we predict that he won't be disappointed.

Mr. Local: I was at Stone Mountain last Sunday, and went to the summit with my Angelina. I see you refer to a loving couple being there, (that was us, I know), but you didn't hear the conversation correctly. We didn't "exchange rings," but "photographs." I didn't promise to "join the Baptist Church," but to keep her supplied with "chewing gum" and newspapers for busties. The next time you report a love scene, report it more correctly.
GILES SCROGGINS.

"Kerrect" Giles.

THE PRESBYTERIAN FAIR AND SUPPER.—The ladies of the Central Presbyterian Church who are attached to the Mission School, propose to give a Supper and Fair next Friday evening. The festival will take place in the store next to Messrs. Redwine & Fox's.

The ladies will spare no pains to make their Fair pleasant to all who come, and the proceeds will be given to their little schools. Contributions of provisions and articles for the Fair are solicited from our public, and especially from those who are friends of the schools. They should be sent Friday morning to the store. We would ask for the ladies not only liberal contributions, but also a liberal patronage.

BEAUTY, GENIUS, RELIGION, CHARITY.—When beauty and genius become the interpreters of song, laying their imperishable treasures upon the altar of religion and charity, the ingredients that constitute the true, the good and the beautiful, are furnished to make a compound of virtues as nearly perfect as it can be made in this nether world. In the spirit the Mission of the Redeemer originated—in this spirit a number of accomplished singers and instrumental performers of our city have determined to consecrate the sacred work and assist it financially by tendering their services for a grand concert to be given next Wednesday, October 1st. There is no such word as fail in the vocabulary of powers such as these—they must succeed.

THE NOMINATION TUESDAY.

The Vote in the County.

The following is the result of the vote, on Tuesday, to nominate a candidate for Clerk of Superior Court, in the county:

	J. D. Collins.	A. J. Hulsey.	J. T. Hall.
Atlanta	569	121	
Casey's	55	5	
Buck Head	42	1	
Oak Grove	36		
Black Hall	37	2	1
Total	739	129	

No returns received from Stone's District.
Collins' majority 610.

ROCKAFELLOW RESURGAM.

Republican Pow-Wow at James' Hall Dispersed by Col H. P. Farrow—Meeting Called for Saturday Night—Fun Ahead.

Last night, in obedience to an invitation circulated in a dodger, signed "Republicans," some fifty or sixty colored persons, and four or five whites, assembled at James Hall. The call was issued by Rockafellow, who paid the money for the Hall, we are told. He says he hunted for an Executive Committee and could not find one, so he got up the call for the meeting. The object, we understand, was to urge the Republicans to register at once for the municipal campaign.

Col. H. P. Farrow was present. He stated that he didn't know anything about the meeting, but hearing of it came there. After waiting some time, Col. Farrow addressed the crowd, stating that the call was unauthorized, and that he would call a meeting for Saturday night, at the same place. This created a stampede and the meeting broke up.

Howard Houghton, the colored Demosthenes, expressed him quite freely as opposed to Colonel Farrow's tactics. The two wings of the Republican party will be out *en masse* Saturday night, and a "high old time" may be anticipated.

Sixth Ward Democratic Club.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Democrats of the Sixth Ward was held last night at the hall of Simmons & Hunt, on Marietta street. The purpose was to organize a Democratic Club for the municipal canvass. On motion Mr. H. D. Austin was made temporary chairman, and E. P. McCown, secretary.

A motion prevailed to appoint a committee of five to nominate permanent officers of the Club. The committee appointed were Messrs. Hancock, Kelly Hunt, Smith and Willoughby. They having retired, the following were called on to address the Club: Mr. M. E. Maher and Dan A. McDuffie, candidates for Aldermen from the Sixth; R. C. Young, from the Third, and Howard Van Epps.

The committee made their report recommending the following gentlemen as permanent officers: Mr. H. D. Austin, President; E. P. McCown, Vice-President, and Capt. M. L. Lowe, Secretary.

On motion the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Democrats of the Sixth Ward hold a nomination for Mayor and Aldermen on Saturday, the 11th day of October, at No. 1 engine house on Broad street, the polls to be open from 7 o'clock a. m., to 7 p. m.

Resolved, That the Club do appoint one manager and two ballot box keepers to conduct said nomination.

Resolved, That the other wards of the city be requested to co-operate with this Board by holding the nomination on the same day.

There being no other business, they being called Mr. Jor. H. Smith, J. B. Goodwin, and J. N. Langston, made some very appropriate remarks.

During the speaking of the last named Colonel S. B. Spencer, candidate for Mayor, entered the hall. As soon as his presence was discovered loud bursts of applause was sounded on every hand. Mr. Langston taking his seat, Colonel Spencer was formally called for, he responded in a short but excellent speech, thanking his audience for the honor conferred, he was grateful for the opportunity offered to appear before his fellow-citizens, he did not anticipate such a reception, and was unprepared for it, but said he never flinched when duty called. He was frequently applauded.

Mr. E. H. Orr being called, excused himself, when the meeting adjourned till next Wednesday night.

THE COURTS.

The Proceedings of the Supreme Court—The United States Courts.

William J. Pike, Esq., Admitted to the Bar—The Welch Case Passed.

THE SUPREME COURT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SUPREME COURT REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

8 Southwestern	20	15 Cherokee	9
9 Pataula†	14	16 Augusta	11
10 Chattahoochee‡	15	17 Middle b	2
11 Macon‖	10	18 Ocmulgee	13
12 Flint a	10	19 Eastern	9
13 Tallapoosa	11	20 Brunswick	1
14 Rome	10		

‖ 1 Continued. † 4 Continued. ‡ 18 Continued.
a 2 Continued. b 1 Continued.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, September 24 h, 1873.
SOUTHWESTERN CIRCUIT.

No. 27—Argument concluded.

No. 11—Charles W. Bass vs. Samuel D. Irvin, Administrator. McKoon, from Sumter. Argued. C. T. Goode for plaintiff in error. W. A. Hawkins, R. P. Lyon, contra.

No. 9 continued.

No. 19—M. E. Daniel, Administrator, vs. O. P. Foster, Administrator. Complaint, from Sumter. W. A. Hawkins, N. A. Smith, for plaintiff in error. C. T. Goode, contra.

At the conclusion of the argument of Mr. Goode in the above stated case, the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow.

Twenty cases still undisposed of on the Southwestern Circuit.

The United States Courts.

The District and Circuit Courts of the United States met yesterday morning at their usual hour, his Honor Judge Erskine, presiding.

Wm. J. Pike, Esq., made application and was admitted to the bar upon taking the usual oath.

The case of L. M. Welch & Co. vs the Atlanta and Richmond Air Line Railroad Company, assumpsit, pending the trial of which the courts adjourned on Tuesday, was again taken up. After some consideration, the case was passed until Saturday, to perfect the evidence.

The case of John Baxter, for the use, etc., vs. A. P. McClutchey, principal, and W. J. McClatchey, security, assumpsit, was next called. The attorneys are Messrs. D. F. Hammond and Collier, Mynatt & Collier, for the plaintiff, and Messrs. Irwin, W. Phillips, and Lester & Thompson, for the defendant. This case went regularly to trial, and consumed most of the day. Pending the closing argument the courts were adjourned to their usual hour this morning. Most of the cases which had been set for trial yesterday were called and re-set.

The cases which stand for trial to-day are:

The Duffield Ham and Provision Company vs T. L. Wells, assumpsit; Regan, assignee, vs Banks, Eddleman & Co., assumpsit. Also, the United States vs Alvin Hansard, Jas. Hansard, DeWit Hansard, Emory Howard and William Hansard, all cases of alleged violation of the revenue laws.

The Justices' Courts.

Mr. Langston was arrested yesterday upon a warrant sued out against him by a colored woman for assault and battery. The warrant was issued by Justice Munday, and the defendant appeared in his Court for trial late in the afternoon. We presume that the trouble arose from some simple misunderstanding, and will be compromised. We did not ascertain what disposition Justice Munday made of it, if any at all.

Dr. A. W. Baughman and Miss Sallie E. Irwin were arrested yesterday on a charge of fornication, preferred by Mrs. Irwin. After the parties were brought before Justice Batt Col. S. B. Spencer, attorney for the prosecution, dismissed the warrants, and had a new warrant issued against Dr. Baughman, charging him with seduction.

The first warrant was only a ruse to get posse sion of the girl. J. B. Goodwin appeared for the defence. Friday morning 9 o'clock was set down for a hearing of the case, and the defendant required to give bond for his appearance in the sum of $3,000.

The other Courts were quiet.

Local and Business Notices.

EVERYTHING useful and handy about the house to be had at L. B. Langfords.
sep25-1t

DR. TUTT'S PILLS require no change of diet or occupation; produce no griping. They contain no drastic ingredients.
sug19-d1w&w1t.

HOTELS, Boarding Houses and Families can get, at all times, Fresh Fish in any quantity at 94 Whitehall street,
sept4 4tf JNO. T. HAGAN & Co.

No family is happy without one of Langford's cooking stoves. sept25-1t

FINE Spring and Summer Clothing at panic prices, at M. & J. HIRSCH. July 20-dtf

YOUNG LADIES need not be under the necessity of taking their mother's butter plates for button molds as KNOX has a full line of them as large as their hearts desire. They have also a full line of all the Latest Novelties in Fancy Goods, Ladies' Ties, Ruffings for the neck. They are also now receiving their Fall Stock of Millinery Goods The ladies would do well to call on them before purchasing.

KNOX'S Millinery and Varieties No. 30 Whitehall street. sept23-dtf.

I. B. LANGFORD has one of the largest stocks of stoves and house-furnishing goods ever brought to the South. sept25-1t

WE desire to call the attention of the public to the fact that we have secured the services of a first class cutter, and are now prepared to make up clothing to order from the choicest selection of English, Scotch, French and German goods, which we have now in stock, and of which we are receiving daily additions. In cut and workmanship our productions will be up to the highest standard of excellence. M. & J. HIRSH,
sep 21-tf No. 50 Whitehall street.

FALL Business Suits, Evening Dress Suits, Over-Coats, Dress-Coats, Sack-Coats, Doeskin and Cassimere Pants in great variety, and manufactured from the best fabrics and made especially for the Southern trade, constantly kept on hand at M. & J. HIRSCH'S,
sep21-tf No. 50 Whitehall street.

THE "Big Dog" at L. B. Langford's new stand excites popular attention. He beats "Kiser's" Boston dog all to pieces.
sept25-1t

FRESH FISH.—Fresh fish received daily at No. 94 Whitehall street.
sept4-dtf JNO. T. HAGAN & Co.

WE will keep regularly on hand during the season, the most choice Fresh Fish from Charleston. JNO. T. HAGAN & Co.
sept4-dtf 94 Whitehall street.

OUT OF HEALTH.—In this common expression is comprehended an immense amount of bodily and mental suffering. It is not necessary to be effected with positive disease in order to experience unutterable wretchedness. A person out of health is weak, languid, low spirited, incapable of much exertion, nervous, irritable, and as sensitive to every change of temperature as the mercury in a thermometer. What such a person requires is invigoration, and Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will supply it. No need of applying a to physician in such a case. The fee would be thrown away. At the nearest drug store may be had the most efficient and healthful vegetable tonic that the world contains. Twenty-five years' experience has established the fact that among all the stomachics and alteratives known to modern pharmacy this powerful restorative stands supreme, unapproached. Every bottle of Hostetter's Bitters contains more blessings than there were curses in Pandora's box. sept17-deodtw&wlt

JACKSON'S MAGIC BALSAM.—Thousands of the afflicted are trying it and finding relief.
sept10—dtf

ADAIR & BROTHERS,
Commission Merchants
—AND—
Wholesale Dealers in Grain, Hay, Flour, Provisions, Feathers, Etc.
AGENTS FOR FERTILIZERS, NEXT DOOR TO CORNER OF ALABAMA AND FORSYTH STREETS.

WE take pleasure in announcing to the public generally that we have one of the Largest and Most Convenient Storage Houses in the city, and will store PRODUCE and COTTON upon reasonable terms. NO CHARGE FOR DRAYAGE IN CAR LOAD LOTS (except to the Air Line Depot.) PLANTERS AND MERCHANTS WOULD DO WELL TO CONSIGN THEIR COTTON TO US FOR SALE.
Respectfully, ADAIR & BROTHERS.
N. B. Merchants will please remember we are exclusive agents for Dunn & Brown's Flour. sept25-1tf

NO COMPETITION PERMITTED.

1854 G. W. JACK, 1873

STEAM
Candy and Cracker
MANUFACTORY,
THE CHEAPEST AND MOST COMPLETE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE KIND IN THE SOUTH.

CANNIED VEGETABLES.

CANNED OYSTERS, POTTED MEATS, CANNED FRUITS, BASKETS, TOYS, TRUNKS, CRACKERS, CANDIES, IN ANY QUANTITY
Western and Northern Orders Duplicated.
sept25-dtf

HOUSTON COUNTY, GA., Dec. 22, 1868.

Messrs. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Macon, Ga.:

GENTLEMEN—Simmons' Liver Regulator has been used in my family many years with great success. I regard it an invaluable family medicine, and take pleasure in recommending them to the public.

Very respectfully,
REV. J. RUFUS FELDER.

L. B. LANGFORD has removed to the stand recently occupied by Guilford, Wood & Co., next door to I. T. Banks, on Whitehall street. Here, his stock fills up the basement and the three stores above ground. sept25-1t

ATLANTA, GA., September 20, 1873.

To the Ladies of Atlanta and Elsewhere:

Our stock is now full and complete in its every branch, comprising all of the late novelties in dress goods of the finest fabrics.

Cloth, beaver and velvet cloaks, and the largest stock of house furnishing goods ever exhibited in this city. Having made a special arrangement with some of the largest importers, we can offer inducements in black and colored silks, unsurpassed by any house in the State. Our silks are superior, both in quality and cheapness, to any ever offered in this city. Ladies getting up wedding outfits will find in our stock many goods not sold elsewhere.

LOWE, DOUGLASS & DALLAS,
42 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.
sept21—sattues&thurs

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wanted.

TWO first-class Milliners. Good wages will be paid. None but the best need apply. Address or call on MRS. McCORMICK, Whitehall street.
sep 25-tf

THE CODE OF GEORGIA.
1873.
JUST PUBLISHED
—BY—
J. W. BURKE & CO.,
MACON, GA.
PRICE:
Plain.....$10 00
Interleaved.....12 00
Subscriptions will be supplied at once in the order in which names are entered.
Orders for new subscriptions will be received by J. W. BURKE & CO.,
sep25-dtf Macon or Atlanta, Ga.

SAVANNAH FAIR,
THE THIRD
ANNUAL EXPOSITION
OF THE
Agricultural and Mechanical Association of Georgia,
COMMENCING
MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11,
—AND—
Continuing During the Week.
THE GROUNDS and RACE COURSE are in splendid order, and the BUILDINGS the most substantial and commodious in the country. The Exhibition will be divided into Departments of
LIVE STOCK, PRODUCTS OF THE SOIL, DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES, MANUFACTURES IN COTTON, WOOL, SILK, LINEN, IRON, BRASS, STEEL, GOLD, SILVER, LEATHER, PAPER, FIBRE, ETC., ETC.
In fact, everything pertaining to AGRICULTURE, MECHANICS and the FINE ARTS.

$8,000 IN MEDALS PLATE & MONEY
TO BE AWARDED.

Exhibitors are requested to make their entries, and have their articles on the ground as at early a day as practicable, that they may be properly arranged in their respective Departments.
☞ *For Premium Lists and other information, address the Secretary*
GEO. S. OWENS, President.
J. H. ESTILL, Secretary, sep25-dood&s6w

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.
ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.
PETER HUGE'S PROPERTY.

BY virtue of an order from the Ordinary of the county of Fulton, will be sold, at the City Hall in Atlanta, on the first Tuesday in November next, the following real estate, belonging to the estate of Peter Huge, deceased, to-wit:

1. One lot, with two houses, (4 acre,) on Mechanics and Rhodes streets, Ward 6, and part of land lot 78 in the 14th District of Fulton county.
2. One lot, 75x160, on Mechanics street, 6th Ward, with house and stable, on land lot 78 in the 14th District.
3. One half acre lot, with four houses, on Rhodes street, 6th Ward;—land lot 78 in the 14th District.
4. Lot (4-5 acre) with two houses, on Rhodes street, in 6th Ward, land lot 83 in the 14th District.
5. One lot, 56x193, with a house, on Davis street, in Ward 1, and on land lot 84 in the 14th District.
6. One lot, 66½x95, on an alley parallel to Vine street, in 1st Ward, and land lot 107 in the 14th District.
7. One lot, 78x78, on Elm street, in 1st Ward, and on land lot 109 in the 14th District.
8. One lot, 80x80, on Rhodes street, in 6th Ward, and on land lot 78 in the 14th District.
9. A plantation, containing 250 acres, with dwelling—50 acres of land lot 9 in the 14th District of Fulton, and 100 acres of land lot 144 in the 15th District of DeKalb county, west of Thurman's gin house branch—three miles south of Atlanta.

TERMS: One third cash, balance in 6 and 12 months, with interest at 10 per cent. per annum.
sep 25-w6w L. DeGIVE, Administrator.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States—Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of George F. Connell, Bankrupt—No. 655.

All persons interested are notified to show cause, if any, before Register Downing, at his office in Newnan, on the 4th day of October, 1873, why said bankrupt should not be discharged from all his debts.

The 1st and 2d meetings of creditors will be held at the same time and place.
sept24-1t A. E. BUCK, Clerk.

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia, in Bankruptcy, in the matter of John W. Price, Bankrupt—No. 654.

All persons interested are notified to show cause, if any, before Register Downing, at his office in Newnan, on the 4th of October, 1873, why the said Bankrupt should not be discharged from all of his debts.

The 2d and 3d meetings of creditors will be held at the same time and place.
sept25—1t. A. E. BUCK, Clerk.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

IN connection with our Auction and Furniture business, we have opened a
REAL ESTATE OFFICE
for the purpose of Selling and Renting Real Estate. This branch of the business will receive our special attention. Charges moderate. Our books are now open. Call and see us.
MAYSON & NORMAN,
Auction and Commission Merchants and Real Estate Agents, No. 2 DeGive's Opera House.
sep 25-1t

IN the District Court of the United States, in the Northern District of Georgia, in Bankruptcy, in the matter of Wiley F. Atkinson, Bankrupt—No. 689.

All persons interested, are notified to show cause, if any, before Register Porter, at his office in Marietta on the 3d day of October, 1873, why said Bankrupt should not be discharged from all his debts.

The 2d and 3d meetings of creditors will be held at the same time and place.
sept25—1t. A. E. BUCK, Clerk.

COTTON.

I TAKE pleasure in announcing to my friends and the public generally that I am now ready to receive
COTTON ON STORAGE
at my Agricultural Warehouse, corner Alabama and Forsyth streets, and would thank my friends, both merchant and planter, to favor me with a portion of their patronage. I solicit
Consignments of Cotton
for sale here, or for shipment to my correspondents at Savannah, Charleston, New York or Liverpool, upon which I will make LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES, or liberal terms. My cotton business is
STRICTLY COMMISSION,
and no pains will be spared to get the
HIGHEST MARKET VALUE
for cotton entrusted to my management.
Entrance to Warehou

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

A Picture of Mississippi.

Correspondence of the Memphis Appeal.]

MERIDIAN, September 19, 1873.

Crops of corn and cotton in the prairies are utter failures. The people are most unfortunate. They are in debt, impoverished, enslaved, and taxed as are no other agricultural population on the globe. Meridian groans beneath the burdens heaped up on one another, but the State and county alone, to say nothing of the town and Federal taxation, exact five per cent. Add the cost of towns and tariffs, and the people pay six or seven per cent. of their whole wealth annually to office-holders. Penury stares them in the face, and toil is no profitless that multitudes are idle. There are two or three hundred negro men in this village who have done nothing for months. They live by depredations upon pig-styes and hen-roosts, and by burglaries. Where property is thus insecure and thus taken it is rapidly made valueless, and a people become hopeless idlers. The jail of the village is ever over-crowded with criminals. In fact negroes commit all sorts of petty crimes that they may be imprisoned and fed at public cost. A chaingang is now sauntering about the streets, its members never earning their bread. The people know not what disposition to make of these countless criminals. Every negro county can furnish from one to two hundred fit subjects for the penitentiary. But the penitentiary is already overcrowded here, as in Tennessee, and the new question arises, as these States and counties grow poorer, and vice and crime more unblushing, what disposition can be made of thieves and vagrants? Why may not all these States enter into a partnership and transfer all sorts of culprits to builders of a great canal, connecting the Mississippi with the Atlantic?

THE LICENSE FOR BATHING.—The free and easy style of European morals is illustrated as follows by Rev. M. D. Conway, in a recent letter from Ostend:

I was sitting one day taking a little luncheon in one of the restaurants overlooked the beach, when some sensation was caused by a beautiful woman performing the role of Phryne in bath, with such a strict regard for her classic model that finally the inspector of the beach interfered. It was done very delicately. Some one was sent out into the water apparently to take a bath, but really to whisper to Phryne's male companion that his companion must reenter her bathing machine The girl was apparently none the wiser for it. It was rather a wonder that there was any interferance at all, as every day a score of ladies disport themselves in the water with almost equal disregard of conventionalities of costume. When this particular sensation was over, a fine looking gentleman, who had exhibited considerable interest in the incident, came and sat at the table with myself. He had with him a beautiful boy, with whom he conversed in a whisper. The gentleman and boy got up and went down to the beach. They entered a bathing machine together, but when they came out of it into the sea the boy expanded to a young woman, who darted through the surf like a silver fish.

☞ A St. Louis journal states that a son of the Emerald Isle recently married the beautiful daughter of White Cloud, on the Missouri shore. The trosseau of the bride was very simple, consisting of a faded calico gown, which hung loosely over her graceful form.

Leading Notices.

I AM thoroughly satisfied that Simmons' Liver Regulator is all it claims to be for Indigestion and Bilious Complaints. I have also heard many of my friends speak of it, and all agree that it possesses the virtues claimed for it. A. H. HIGHTOWER,
Conductor M. & W. R. R.
sep23—deod1w&w1t

NO OTHER MEDICINE ever attained such an unprecedented sale as Helmbold's Buchu. Its name and fame are known everywhere; and it deserves its great reputation, for it has undoubted merit. It is warranted to cure all diseases of the kidneys and the urinary organs. Beware of counterfeits. Genuine has private proprietary stamp of H. T. Helmbold on each bottle.
sept23—deod1w

A GOOD THING DULY APPRECIATED.—No beneficial revolution ever goes backward; and this maxim is as invariable in medicines as in politics. The advent of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, twenty years ago, produced a revolution in the treatment of a large class of ailments, and that revolution has ever since been "in the full tide of successful experiment." If that tide has borne the proprietors of the celebrated vegetable specific "on to fortune," it has also borne thousands of human beings, who were languishing, under the effects of disease, weak and hopeless, out of the depths of despondency into the paradise of health and cheerfulness. It is no exaggeration to say, that to the vigor, the regularity of habit of body, the good appetite and perfect digestion, acquired under the operation of this unequaled tonic and corrective, multitudes of people in every walk of life, who had been vainly physicked in the usual way, owe the blessings of renewed health and the prospect of prolonged life.
sep24—deod1w&w1t.

AGENTS WANTED everywhere to sell our new and novel Embroidering Machine. Send for illustrated circular, to the McKee Manufacturing Company 399 Broadway, New York. may15-deod&wly.

THIS CONCENTRATED VEGETABLE SPECIFIC is a true Purifier of the Blood. It thoroughly neutralizes and eliminates from the system the specific virus which causes such a long list of human suffering.

In every form of scrofulous, mercurial and constitutional blood complains it stands without compeer, rapidly curing ulcers, pustules, carbunkles, scald head, salt rheum, and the 88 different varieties of skin affections. It is a positive curative for scrofula, and the deadly enemy of mercury, lead and arsenic, quickly elimination them from the system. The Fluid Extract of Queens delight, prepared by Dr. J. S. Pemberton, has made the most wonderful and astonishing cures. Its purifying, vivifying and tonic properties exercise the quickest and most powerful effects in restoring health. It is harmless to the most delicate, and can never be used amiss. It is the true beautifier of the complexion. If you want pure rich blood, clear skin and beautiful complexion, use the Compound Extract of Stillingia or Queens Delight. Read our treatise on diseases of the blood. The genuine has the signature of the proprietor upon each label.
J. S. PEMBERTON & Co.,
mar30eod-1yr Atlanta, Ga.

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, New York.
oct3—d1y

NERVOUS DEBILITY.—A depressed, irritated state of mind; a weak, nervous, exhausted feeling; no energy or animation; confused head, weak memory, often with deblitating, involuntary discharges. The consequence of excesses, mental overwork or indiscretions. This nervous debility finds a sovereign cure in Humphrey's Homeopathic specific, No 28. It tones up the system, arrests discharges dispels the mental gloom and despondency, and rejuvernates the entire system. It is perfectly harmless and always efficient. Price $5, for a package of five boxes and a large $3 vial of powder, which is important in old, serious cases; or $1 per single box Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co., No. 562 Broadway, N. Y.

For sale by COLLIER & VENABLE, T. SCHUMANN and HENRY C. POPE.
apr15—d3taw&w1y. Atlanta, Ga.

A WORD TO WESTERN FARMERS AND SUGAR SEEKS.—Mechanics, artisans, factory hands, and people who labor for a living, find it very difficult if not impossible to keep the hands free from stain. Hand Sapolio will not only remove every particle of stain, and what is called "grained in dirt," but it will also keep the skin soft and pliable, rendering the muscular action as quick and easy as is the case with those who do not perform hand labor. It is only 10 and 15 cents a cake, according to size. Every mechanic should use it constantly in place of all other soaps.
sep19—d1w&w1t

The Great Southern
PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE!

VIA
ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!
TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE
Daily Through Passenger Train.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and rates as low as all others.

The Eating Houses
On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.
Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta TO Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York. BY Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta
AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS
ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a
Splendid Line of Steamships,
From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships
Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.
Through Tickets on Sale at MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA TO NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS
S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
an24-dtf

GRAND GIFT CONCERT,
IN AID OF
Public Library
OF COLORADO.

FIRST LEGAL DRAWING!
TIME EXTENDED
OCTOBER 1st, 1873.
LAST CHANCE!
Great Portion of the Tickets already taken!

Tickets, $1 00 Each, or 6 for $5 00.

$70,000.00.

1	Grand Cash Gift		$40 000
1	" "		5,000
3	" "	$1,000 each	3,000
5	Cash Gifts,	500 each	2,500
10	" "	200 each	2,000
25	" "	100 each	2,500
50	" "	50 each	2,500
100	" "	20 each	2,000
200	" "	10 each	2,000
400	" "	5 each	2,000
3,250	" "	2 each	6,500
4,045	Gifts, amounting to		$70,000

The number of tickets to be drawn from one wheel by blind children, and the Gifts drawn from another. This enterprise is indorsed by the best business men of our Territory. The small price of tickets is a guarantee of a speedy sale, making this one of the best chances ever offered. Money can be sent safely in registered letters, post office money orders, by express or by letters, carefully sealed and plainly directed.

Make up Your Clubs
and send orders soon, as only a few tickets remain to be sold.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
GEN. S. E. BROWNE, | DR. W. H. BUCHTEL,
HON. D. M. RICHARDS, | HON. W. N. BYERS,
DR. A. L. JUSTICE.

☞ Good agents wanted, to whom liberal commissions will be allowed.

Address, J. W. SUITTERLIN, MANAGER,
aug26-d&wtf DENVER, COL.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.
ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8.30 o'clock,	A. M
Leaves Atlanta	8.15 "	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5.45 "	P. M
Arrives at Augusta	5.30 "	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	9.15 "	P. M
Leaves Atlanta	6 00 "	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	11.15 "	P. M
Arrives at Augusta	3 15 "	A. M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 00	P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain	6 45	A. M
Arrives Atlanta	8 00	A. M
Arrives Stone Mountain	6 15	P. M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.
NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	6:00	P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	1:10	A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	8:30	A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4:35	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	2:45	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	11:20	P. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	5:45	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1:20	P. M

DALTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	4:35	P. M
Arrives at Dalton	12:30	A. M
Leaves Dalton	12:40	A. M
Arrives in Atlanta	9:50	A. M

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.
NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	11 30	P M
Arrives at West Point	4 10	A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward)

Leaves West Point	1 40	P M
Arrives at Atlanta	5 40	P M

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leave Atlanta	12 30	P M
Arrive at West Point	8 30	P M

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leave West Point	9 05	A M
Arrive at Atlanta	9 30	A M

Macon and Western Railroad.
DAILY ACCOMMODATION EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

Leaves Atlanta	7:00	A M
Leaves Macon	2:10	A M
Arrives at Atlanta	5:45	P M
Arrives at Macon	3:40	P M

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	1:40	P M
Leaves Macon	11:00	P M
Arrives at Atlanta	8:45	A M
Arrives at Macon	7:20	P M

Air-Line Railroad.
DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leave Atlanta	7 45	A M
Arrive at Charlotte	2 30	A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leave Charlotte	4 30	A M
Arrive at Atlanta	11 15	P M

FEAGIN & BROTHER,
PROPRIETORS OF THE
MACON SALES AND LIVERY STABLES
Plum st, near Brown House and Passenger Depot.

SPECIAL attention to Transient Stock. Superior accommodations for Drove Stock. Finest Carriages and best Horses for hire.

G. & S. SALOSHIN,
Brokers and Bankers.
LOANS NEGOTIATED AT LIBERAL TERMS
No. 19 Peachtree Street, 3 doors north of National Hotel, Atlanta, Ga. apr11-d3mo

DRY GOODS

JOHN KEELY

HAS just returned from New York, having purchased by far the largest and choicest stock which it has ever been his fortune to offer to the public.

Particular attention is called to the following classes of goods, many of which have already arrived and the remainder of which will be arriving daily, viz:

100 Pieces Black English Alapaca, color guaranteed,
50 Pieces Black Lustrine Mohair.
50 Pieces of the Best Value in Black Silks ever offered.
300 Pairs Blankets, both White and Colored, from the Cheapest Sold up to the Finest made.

All the new shades in Cashmeres, Satines, and FINE Dress Goods Generally.
Everything desirable in Printed Delaines, Reps, Solid Colored Alpacas and fancy dress goods.
The choicest shades made in Solid Colored Opera Flanels. Also a beautiful line of Fancy Flanels.
A choice line of the new "GRAY" dress goods.
200 pieces Cassimeres and Jeans for pants goods, and Sash Ribbons, Laces, all the new styles in Neck Ruffings, leather Belts, Oxydized Silver Buttons.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.

Fine French Kid Gloves, Lace Collars, Fleecy Lined Pique, Embroidered Flanels, White and Red Flanels, Shirt Bosoms, Black Spanish Veils, and a thousand other things, to mention which, would be tedious.
500 handsome new style Shawls.
50 Black Thibet Shawls.
Everything desirable in ladies and gents handkerchiefs. 1,000 pieces of the cheapest embroideries ever offered. 50 pieces choice Irish linens and table linens of the choicest make at extraordinary prices, 150 dozen towels, which defy competition, ladies and gents merino shirts and drawers in immense variety.

As before stated, many of these goods have already arrived and the balance of them will be arriving daily, and purchasers are earnestly invited to take a look before buying, as no fancy prices will be asked; small profits and quick sales being the motion at JOHN KEELY'S, corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.
sept21-dtf

IRON WAREHOUSE
OF THE
Scofield Rolling Mill Company
Atlanta, Georgia,
NO. 28 PEACHTREE STREET.

Bar Iron of all kinds, warranted equal to any made, wholesale and retail at 4½c. rates.

Call and examine the stock and get a Price List.
sep2—d&wtf

PROFITABLE INVESTMENT!
The Orchard Farm for Sale!

THIS VALUABLE PLANTATION, KNOWN AS THE J. D. SMITH PLACE, IS SITUATED TWO and three-quarter miles South of Marietta, Georgia, two miles from Smyrna, and one-half mile from Western and Atlantic Railroad, contains 400 acres land, about half open, 197 acres in cultivation, well watered with several streams running through it, on which there is 30 or 40 acres bottom land; it has several springs and wells of excellent freestone water on it, a seven room Frame Dwelling, on a beautiful and healthy location, outbuildings and six tenant houses now occupied by renters. There are 24 acres Apple Orchard now bearing, mostly good winter varieties. This orchard alone has been paying from 15 to 20 per cent. annually on the value of the place.

Also, ONE RESIDENT AND BUSINESS LOT in South Rome, Georgia, lying joining, fronting on Main street, containing one-half acre each. The former has a three room Dwelling, porch in front, finished and painted, cow house and lot, a No. 1 garden and well of water. The latter has a frame store house, finished and painted, wagon yard, wagoner's house, stables for stock, two wells of water and good fencing and gates. Improvements all new. Come at once and secure bargains. For further information address the undersigned at Marietta or Rome, Georgia, or apply to parties on the premises of the places.
T. F. SMITH.
sep8—dtf

J. S. OLIVER & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Corner Alabama and Forsyth Streets,
Atlanta.....Georgia.
KEEP ON HAND
Corn, Meal, Oats, Flour, Bran, Bacon, Lard, Bagging and Ties.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, are prepared to sell same at highest market price and to make liberal advances. sep14—d1mo

D. F. FLEMING. JAMES M. WILSON.

3,000 CASES BOOTS AND SHOES
For Fall Trade.

WE are now receiving from the Manufacturers a very large and well selected stock of BOOTS, SHOES and TRUNKS of every description, which will be sold as low as in any other market. Merchants visiting Charleston are invited to examine our stock.

D. F. FLEMING & CO.,
No. 2 HAYNE STREET, CORNER OF CHURCH STREET.

SAMUEL A NELSON. JAMES GILFILLIN.
aug26-3m

American Cotton Tie!

100 TONS OF ARROW TIES, for sale by STEPHENS & FLYNN,

SEED RYE.—1,000 bushels for sale by STEPHENS & FLYNN.

ARROW TIES.—We are Agents in Atlanta for the AMERICAN COTTON TIE COMPANY. Can supply dealers with the famed Arrow Tie. Send in your orders.
STEPHENS & FLYNN.
Atlanta, Georgia, August 31, 1873—d1mo

THE COMMONWEALTH
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW YORK CITY,

Does business upon popular plans that the people can comprehend, and at the minimum rates of all first class companies.

The "Commonwealth" is Safe, Popular and Prompt,
WITH A PRACTICAL AND ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.

THOMAS U. CONNER,
Georgia, Manager of the Georgia Department.
Examine the Savings Bank Plan. sep3—d1awly

COME ONE, COME ALL & REGISTER!

ALL wishing to participate in our municipal elections are required to come to my office in the City Hall and register their names, where the books are now open for that purpose.
Atlanta, September 14th, 1873.
FRANK T. RYAN,
sept14—d3w City Clerk.

MRS. E. M. STOVALL,

PROPRIETRESS of The Barlow House) Cartersville, Ga. Having recently taken charge of this House, she has thoroughly renovated and refurnished it, in all its departments, and is now prepared to afford to the traveling public entertainment adequate to the times, at moderate prices. She has also secured additional suits of rooms, is prepared to accommodate a few families with Board. Summer visitors will find Cartersville one of the healthiest localities in the South.
P. S. SHELMAN.
apr24-dtf

Judson's Marble Works,
ATLANTA, GA.,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Italian and American Marble,
Monuments, Box Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, Iron Railing for Grave Enclosures, Granite, etc.

Office and works, corner of LOYD and ALABAMA STREETS, opposite O. H. Jones & Co's. Sale and Livery Stables.

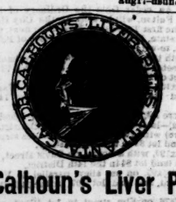
Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Prices reasonable.
Terms cash.
Address D. N. JUDSON,
aug10-ly Atlanta, Ga.

JOHNSON HOUSE,
BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON.
KINGSTON.....GEORGIA
jan15-dtf

PULLUM & LOW,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
(Successors to Heard, Craig & Co.,)
At the old stand of Pemberton, Taylor & Co.,
13 KIMBALL HOUSE, DECATUR STREET,
Atlanta.....Georgia.

John Daniel and Lucien Smith will be pleased to see and wait on their old friends.
aug17-dsun&wedtf



Dr. Calhoun's Liver Pills.

I AM engaged in the Manufacture of the Celebrated Family Medicine, known as the Calhoun Liver and Anti-Bilious Pills, under the supervision and assistance of Dr. Calhoun himself. This Pill has been in use for the last thirty-five years, and has taken precedence over all other Family Preparations, by all that have used them. Thousands would certify to their great value if necessary. One fact should supersede any amount of certificates, and that fact is this: Dr. Calhoun has been physician to the Fulton County Prison for over seven years, when the number of prisoners ranged from 40 to 70, laboring under all the diseases incident to this climate. With but few exceptions, they have all been treated with this Pill, and astonishing to say, during that long period not a solitary death occurred under his treatment. This fact is worth any amount of testimonials.

I am now prepared to fill orders from Druggists, Merchants and others. All orders sent me will receive prompt attention. There is no type of FEVER, DYSENTERY, DIARRHŒA, REMITTANT, BOWEL OR BILIOUSNESS and SICK HEADACHE, or other diseases of a Southern climate, but yields readily to this preparation.

For sale by all druggists.
Pri 50 cents a Box
None genuine unless it bears the signature of H. C. Williams and private stamp of Dr. Calhoun's Liver Pills.
Address H. C. WILLIAMS,
Post-office Box 949, Atlanta, Ga.
Manufactory No. 54, corner Washington and Forsyth streets Atlanta Ga. may14-d1mo

BUTLER'S CITY MILLS!

STANDARD FLOUR!

No Better to be Found in Atlanta or any other Market.

JAMES E. BUTLER,
Proprietor of
Butler's City Mills,
Corner Bartow Street and W. & A. Railroad.

Grinds Annually 300,000 Bushels Wheat.

Butler's "Pride of Dixie"
Has Achieved a Wide Spread Reputation.
IT HAS NO SUPERIOR.

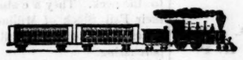
The attention of the Trade is most respectfully invited.

Call at the Mills or address orders to,
J. E. BUTLER,
sep16—dtf *Atlanta, Ga.*

WILLIAM RICH & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
Notions, Fancy Goods, Millinery and White Goods,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

N. B.—We Duplicate New York Bills.
sep14—dtf

GREAT SOUTHERN
FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE
VIA
CHARLESTON, S. C
TO AND FROM
BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BOSTON,
AND ALL THE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING CITIES



THREE TIMES A WEEK FROM NEW YORK.
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS.
ELEGANT STATE-ROOM ACCOMMODATIONS.

Sea Voyage Ten to Twelve Hours Shorter Via Charleston

The South Carolina Railroad Company,

And connecting Roads West, in alliance with the Fleet of Thirteen First-Class Steamships to the above Ports invite attention to the Quick Time and Regular Dispatch afforded to the business public in the Cotton States at the

PORT OF CHARLESTON.

Offering facilities of Rail road and Sea Transportation for Freight and Passengers not excelled in excellence and capacity at any other Port. The following splendid Ocean Steamers are regularly on the line:

TO NEW YORK.

MANHATTAN.....M. S. Woodhull, Commander.
CHAMPION.....R. W. Lockwood, Commander.
CARLESTON.....James Berry, Commander.
JAMES ADGER.....T. J. Lockwood, Commander.
JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C.
GEORGIA.....S. Crowell, Commander.
SOUTH CAROLINA.....T. J. Beckett, Commander.
WAGNER, HUGER & CO., WM. A. COURTENAY, Agents, Charleston, S. C.

TO PHILADELPHIA.

Iron Steamships

ASHLAND.....Alex. Hunter, Commander.
EQUATOR.....C. Hinckley, Commander.
SAILING DAYS—FRIDAYS.
WM. A. COURTENAY, Agent. Charleston, S. C.

Total Capacity 40,000 Bales Monthly.

TO BALTIMORE.

FALCON.....Hainie, Commander;
VIRGINIA.....Johnson, Commander.
SEA GULL.....Dutton, Commander.
SAILING DAYS—EVERY FIFTH DAY.
PAUL C. TRENHOLM, Agent, Charleston, S. C.

TO BOSTON.

STEAMSHIPS MERCEDITA and FLAG, sails every Saturday.
JAS. ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C.

Rates guaranteed as low as those of competing lines. Marine Insurance one-half of 1 per cent

Through Bills of Lading and Through Tickets

Can be had at all the principal Railroad Offices in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi.

Six to Rooms may be secured in advance, without extra charge, by addressing Agents of Steamships in Charleston, at whose offices, in all cases the Railroad Tickets should be exchanged and Berths assigned. The Through Tickets by this Route includes Transfers, Meals and State Room, while on Shipboard.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD,
GEORGIA RAILROAD,

And their connecting Lines have largely increased their facilities for the rapid movement of Freight, and Passengers between the Northern Cities and the South and West. First-Class Eating Saloons at Branchville, On the Georgia & South Carolina Railroad First-Class Sleeping Cars.

Freight promptly transferred from steamer to day and night trains of the South Carolina Railroad. Close connections made with other roads, delivering freight at distant points with great promptness. The Manager will use every exertion to satisfy their Patrons that the Line VIA CHARLESTON cannot be surpassed in Dispatch and the Safe delivery of Goods.

For further information, apply to J. J. GRIFFIN, Western Agent, Atlanta, Georgia, R. D. HASELL, General Agent, P. O. Box 4979, Office 317 Broadway, N. Y.; S. B. Pickens, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, South Carolina Railroad or J. M. SELKIRK, Superintendent Great Southern Freight and Passenger Line, Charleston, S. C.
july4—eodtf

The Live Stove House of the South.

I have returned from the East, where I have purchased
THE LARGEST AND MOST VARIED STOCK
—OF—
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,
AND WOODEN WARE,
Tin Plate, Sheet Iron & Tinners' Findings,
HOLLOW-WARE AND STOVES,
Ever Brought to this Market.

I have now in Stock and expect to arrive 800B,

30,000 pounds No. 26 and 27 Stove Pipe Iron,
10,000 pounds No. 26 and 27 Pan Iron,
20 bundles Russia Iron,
300 bundles assorted Wire,
1,000 pounds Block Tin,
1,000 pounds Solder,
750 Jno. Savory's Light English Ware—
Wash Pots and Dinner Pots—assorted sizes.
2,000 Stove Pots—assorted sizes,
1,000 Waffle Irons,
2,000 Tea Kettles,
2,000 Fry Pans,
2,000 Griddles,
4,000 pounds Sad Irons,
1,000 Ovens, Skillets and Lids—Jno. Savory's Light English Ware,
250 Loyal Cook Stoves,
150 CHARTER OAK COOK STOVES,
150 Matchless Cook Stoves,
150 No. 6 and 7 Demand Cook Stoves,
150 Atlanta Cook Stoves,
200 Best Cook Stoves,
50 Star Cook Stoves,
350 Heating Stoves—all styles and sizes,
250 Coal Hods,
500 Grates—Plain and Enamelled,
50 Fluting Machines—Latest Improved Styles,
50 Fancy Coal Hods and Vases,
350 dozen Juniper Buckets,
150 dozen Blue Buckets,
150 nests Tubs,
100 dozen Sifters,
50 dozen Coffee Mills,
25 dozen Heavy Horse Buckets,
50 dozen Bread Trays,
50 nests Wood Bowls,
100 nests Wood Measures,
50 racks Sugar Boxes,
25 nests Flour Pails,
50 dozen Brooms,
500 Brittania Dippers,
The largest lot of TIN-WARE ever in the city.
An elegant stock of PLATED WARE AND TABLE CUTLERY,

I am prepared to offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO MERCHANTS and DEALERS.

Thanking the public for past patronage I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

L. B. LANGFORD,
Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.
aug31—dtf

The Great Southern Freight and Passenger Route
TO AND FROM NEW YORK,
VIA
Savannah, Ga.

THE FIRST CLASS SIDE WHEEL STEAMSHIPS OF THIS LINE SAIL FROM SAVANNAH AND New York, in connection with the CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, make as quick time and have superior accommodations for passengers to any steamships on the Southern Coast.

THROUGH FREIGHT carried at as low rates as any other route. ALL CLAIMS for loss, damage, or overcharge, settled promptly.

Passage from Atlanta to New York - - - - - $27 50
Meals and State Rooms Included.

EXCURSION TICKETS.

To New York and Return, Good until 1st Oct. - $45 00.
Meals and Staterooms Included.

Sumptuous Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains for Savannah. Passengers by this route should leave Atlanta on 1:40 P. M. train for Macon, the day before the Steamers sail from Savannah. All other information furnished on application to undersigned.

GEO. A. MCCLESKEY, Traveling Agent,
Atlanta, June 14, 1873. 3m Steamship Co.'s, Office No. 4, Kimball House

MACON ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. & E. P. TAYLOR,
Macon, Georgia,
DEALERS IN FURNITURE
OF ALL GRADES, FROM THE VERY BEST MANUFACTURERS.
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Etc.,
AT THE LOWEST FIGURES FOR CASH.

METALLIC AND WOOD BURIAL CASES,
Of the latest styles, beautifully finished, at prices warranted to give satisfaction. aug31—dtf

1873. FALL TRADE. 1873.
NEW GOODS! NEW STYLES!
PRICES LOWER THAN EVER.
SINGLETON, HUNT & CO.,

Return thanks to their numerous Merchant customers for the very liberal patronage and confidence extended to them in the past.

They also announce that their Fall and Winter stock of
BOOTS! SHOES!
HATS, TRUNKS, UMBRELLAS, ETC.,
For 1873, complete in every respect, has been received, to which especial attention is invited.

Increased facilities, with more extended storage room, and a determination not to be undersold, enable them to guarantee prices as low, at all times, as can be obtained in New York City.

ORDERS SOLICITED AND PROMPTLY FILLED.

SINGLETON, HUNT & CO.
WHOLESALE DEALERS,
40 SECOND STREET and 38 COTTON AVENUE.
MACON, GEORGIA.